The Weather
Unsettled

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Last Edition

FORTIETH YEAR | BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23 | PRICE FIVE CENTS

R. A. NESTOS IS INAUGURATED

SALE OF $12,300,000 BONDS BEFORE NEW OFFICIALS

OUTGOING BODY COMPLETES DEAL FOR BOND SALE

Raises Interest Rate Upon Real Estate Bonds Sold at Par to Six Per Cent

BOND SALE COST TOTALLED

Bills Filed Bringing Total Cost to $130,000; Paddock Resigns Place

NEW ISSUE RAISED.

A new political issue was raised with the signing of the bond contract by the Industrial Commission for the sale of millions of dollars of bonds.

On the one hand Nonpartisans declared the contract is legal and puts the issue squarely before the incoming administration of carrying out the league program and shows the credit of the state has been re-established.

On the other Independents declare the deal will cost the state hundreds of thousands of dollars. J. J. Kehoe, attorney for taxpayers who sought to break the former contract, declared today that before they went into the suit they ascertained that North Dakota bonds could be sold at par with 5 1-2 per cent interest, one bond house saying it would take up to $50,000,000 at that figure. The bonds in the new contract bear 6 per cent.

Figuring possible loss to the state on the interest over a period of years Independents asserted that the excess cost to the state would be hundreds of thousands and probably some millions of dollars.

The new state administration will have before it for immediate consideration the new bond contract, the closing of which was announced last night.

Expression of opinion on the contract is reserved by the new administration pending an examination of the contract. The deal was closed with Spitzer, Rorick and company of Toledo, Ohio. Briefly it calls for the sale of $12,300,0000 of state bonds at par excepting the bank bonds and at a rate of 6 per cent interest excepting the bank bonds. The Spitzer, Rorick and company acted for a syndicate of eastern bond buyers.

The new contract is entirely legal, since the bonds are sold at par, the outgoing administration declares. Representatives of the bond company have already sought out Mr Nestos on the subject. The terms of the contract, which is between the Bank of North Dakota and Spitzer, Rorick and company, briefly are

Previous delivery of $1,486,500 of 5 3-4 per cent real estate series bonds at discount of 5 per cent is ratified.

Remaining $8,000,000 real estate series bonds authorized under existing law, maturing 1931 to 1948, are sold at par, interest rate increased to 6 per cent.

Real estate bond to be delivered as follows: $500,000 in 30 days and $500,000 each 30 days thereafter or earlier at request of bond company.

$2,090,000 mill and elevator bonds sold par, 6 per cent interest, delivery as follows: $200,000 in 45 to 60 days and $200,000 each month thereafter.

$1,000,000 home builders bonds sold, delivery of $100,000 in 30 to 60 days and $100,000 each month thereafter.

$1,300 000 bank bonds bearing 5 per cent interest are sold at price to net buyer 5 5-8 per cent, immediate delivery

The present contract with Spitzer, Rorick and company except as to bonds already delivered, is abrogated

Independents Criticize

In some Independent quarters there was disposition to severely criticise the outgoing Industrial Commission for making the bond deal on the eve of leaving office Some declare that the price of 6 per cent interest is higher than North Dakota need pay on her bonds and that South Dakota has sold bonds at 5 1-2 per cent without trouble.

Particular criticism was levelled toward the sale of Homebuilders Association bonds when the incoming administration had made plain its intention of salvaging this department

The outgoing administration viewed it as a good business deal made at the time because the present Spitzer Rorick contract was under fire in supreme court with a prospect of it being declared invalid Some Nonpartisans viewed it as placing the Independents in a hole politically

Bond Sale Cost $130,999.94

In connection with the closing up of business the state auditing board late yesterday approved bills on bonds sales as follows Voucher presented by Geo T. Webb $27,96[illegible] Commission to Horace E Davis, of New York, for miscellaneous sales and aiding in

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CURTAIN IS LOWERED ON DRAMATIC FIVE YEARS OF NORTH DAKOTA FIGHT AND NEW ACTORS TAKE THEIR PLACES

Nonpartisan Control is Surrendered in State After Hectic Political Battles of Last Five Years in Which Eyes of Nation Turned Toward North Dakota

The curtain was lowered today upon a five-year drama of North Dakota politics.

Quietly the actors slipped through the wings, shed the habiliments of public office and passed out of the theater of governmental affairs. They had been the chief figures on a turbulent stage, acclaimed, assailed. Upon them had been centered the spotlight of a nation.

The curtain raised again. New actors took the stage, a new scene was unfolded. Again the eyes of a nation-wide audience turned toward the North Dakota theater. The new triumvirate entered confidently, faced the big task of weening a great portion of a critical audience from the intoxicating impetuosity of the past, began to perform slowly and carefully, resolved to win favor from gallery to orchestra.

In the foyer again paced many a "first-fighter" at North Dakota inaugurals here again after an absence of five years. Their kind of acting again was promised; they felt an old intimacy with the actors.

Eyes Turned to N. D.

It was five years and sixteen days ago that the wires flashed the news over the United States that North Dakota had elected a Nonpartisan governor—keen eyes were turned toward this robust state of the young northwest They became interested in the "New Day" and they watched the development of new theories of government They saw the old order of things overturned

Today the same keen eyes see a changed control yet with the new laws still on the state books, new pledges to complete a part at least of that program the old theories retained

North Dakotans see the Nonpartisan league defeated, and relinquishing control Governor Lynn J Frazier, Attorney General William Lemke and Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor John N Hagan moved out, Ragnvald A Nestos, Sveinbjorn Johnson and Joseph A Kitchen moved in

Officials Move Out.

There was a somber atmosphere in the old halls of the state capitol as the three defeated officials ran through their correspondence, folded their desks and walked away They do not expect to again seek the burden of public office. Their friends—many of them—believe that the hosts they led into control will come back triumphant; many a grizzled politician saw in the change today the end of another cycle in North Dakota affairs—the Nonpartisan league They believe the league has sung its swan song. They believe that with the power of public patronage gone, with a majority vote against the candidates, two of whom swept into office with overwhelming majorities, the league will fail to regain power They do not reckon it disrupted nor powerless, but hopelessly weakened.

During the five years of league control, beginning actually in January, 1917, with the inauguration of Lynn J Frazier, who came from a farm to the governor's chair, kaleidoscopic changes have passed before the eyes of the voters They saw a program of state ownership raised, people with a new trend of thought at the helm of affairs, they heard predictions of a rosy future of industrial democracy.

There are those who mark today as a day of reckoning for inexperienced and visionary hands in government affairs; there are those Nonpartisans who saw today as a day on which the march of progress was halted, viewing the changing scene with the dismay of a crusader.

The Thirteenth Governor.

R A. Nestos is the thirteenth governor to occupy the executive chair in North Dakota His predecessors were John Miller, Andrew H. Burke, Elic C D Shortridge, Roger Allin, Frank A Briggs, Joseph M Devine, Frederick B. Fancher, Frank White, E Y Sarles, John Burke, L. B Hanna, Lynn J. Frazier Governor Frazier was the second executive to be elected for three two-year terms, John Burke having served as governor for six years

Governor Frazier began his third two-year term last January 6 Mr Nestos has a year, a month and several days to serve under his election on October 28

Governor Frazier will return to his big farm near Hoople Mr Hagan is not certain of his plans for the immediate future but has indicated a determination not to seek public office again He owns a farm near Deering Mr Lemke will return to his law office in Fargo

Governor Frazier in a talk at the reception given him Saturday night declared he did not seek office for the glory and was well content to return to his former home His name already has been suggested as a candidate for

In your issue of the 21st we find a dorsement

The League's Swan Song.

What of the future is a question frequently discussed by leaguers The Courier-News in an editorial yesterday had this to say

What the future will disclose as the smoke of the recent campaign is blown away is that tremendous and enduring changes for the better have been wrought by the Nonpartisan League officials State hail insurance is here to stay and state bonding and state fire insurance for public buildings and state farm loans and state mills and elevators The fight for fair freight rates and for a fair grain grading system has been set far forward and no administration will dare abandon it or can long pretend to be doing something while in reality doing nothing The hardest fight rages

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LARSON COMING, LEAVES GOAT

Gust Larson will be here.

The goat will not.

Larson telephoned The Tribune from Douglas last night to ascertain the supreme court's action on the injunction case.

Receiving the news he shouted "hurrah" and said "tell the boys I'm starting for Bismarck" and added that though he might get here late he would be here nevertheless.

Larson is the man who took the "Nonpartisan Goat" from Douglas to Minot for a celebration.

SUPREME COURT DECIDES SUIT WAS TOO LATE

Judges Unanimous in Denying Injunction Against Canvassing Board

O. E. LOFTHUS RESIGNS

The writ of injunction to stop the state canvassing board from canvassing the vote was rejected on the general theory that the petitioners were estopped because they did not raise the questions previous to the election under the provision of the recall amendment, according to Justice J E Robinson

The suit was improperly drawn in that it was directed against a board charged with performing a plain duty of law, Judge Robinson said

The court, he said, was unanimous in dismissing the petition for a temporary injunction to prevent the ousting of present state officials defeated in the recall election

The last full afternoon of Nonpartisan league control in the state capitol was attended by ripples of excitement not unlike a legislative session.

Early yesterday afternoon two score or more Nonpartisans interested in the election nullification suit gathered in corridors of the capitol. The supreme court was hearing the appeal in the case in which breaking of the bond sale contract with Spitzer, Rorick and company was sought

After hearing the argument the supreme court retired to the chambers late in the afternoon, while anxious people loitered in the lobby awaiting for a sign of decision from behind the closed doors During the afternoon a number of old war horses of North Dakota politics filtered in, here for the inauguration

It was about 5:30 p m when the supreme court announced that the injunction writ was denied, and the Nonpartisans who counted upon the suit to retain present officials in office moved slowly from the building

Lofthus Quits

During the afternoon the banking board held a meeting and later O E Lofthus state bank examiner, submitted his resignation to Governor Frazier, who appointed Gilbert Semingson, chief deputy in his place Mr. Lofthus refused to make any statement as to why he resigned

Mr Lofthus had been criticised severely by Independents ever since the first Scandinavian American bank closing and reopening, and it was known that Governor-elect Nestos would request his resignation

News of the completion of the new

(Continued on Page 3)

NO TRIBUNE TO BE ISSUED TOMORROW

The Tribune, observing the annual Thanksgiving holiday, will not issue a paper on Thanksgiving Day

All employes of the plant will be given the opportunity of the annual complete holiday No department of the plant will operate tomorrow

RIOTING NEARS CIVIL WAR IN BELFAST TODAY

13 Persons Dead and Thirty Injured in Bombing and Shooting in City

SHOOTING AND BOMBING

Three Are Killed When Tramcar Full of Shipyard Workers is Bombed

ANOTHER VICTIM

Belfast, Nov. 23.—(By the A. P.) Belfast's long list of fatalities as the result of factional rioting began to grow early today, one victim being added almost at the outset to the 13 killed in outbreaks attending the assumption of governmental power by the new Ulster parliament yesterday.

The first victim of the day, a foreman who was engaging laborers in Dock street for the shipyards, was picked off by a sniper.

Belfast, Nov. 23.—(By the A P)—Rioting which began in Belfast Sunday had its climax yesterday in a state of shooting, bombing and turmoil approaching civil war It is declared the disorders were planned to coincide with the assumption yesterday of the government of Ulster by the northern parliament

Dispatches to the London press from Belfast placed the blame according to the sympathy of respective newspapers. However, it seems established that the Sinn Feiners were responsible for the bombing of a tramcar full of shipyard workers late in the afternoon and the consequent death of three persons and injuries to thirty.

The various counts of the day's disorders suggest that the aggression on the whole was reciprocal and due to the ever-existing rancor between the Nationalists and Orangemen.

The total casualties in the series of outbreaks up to midnight last night stood at 13 dead with more than 50 seriously wounded in the hospitals. Scores of other persons less seriously injured were treated at their homes

PRISONERS DASH OUT

Galway, Ireland Nov 23—(By the Associated Press)—Forty political prisoners confined in the prison here rushed the wardens today while a fire of uncertain origin was blazing in two sections of the prison

The men seized the keys and barricaded themselves with six wardens in another part of the prison

CONGRESS TO ADJOURN TODAY

Will Meet Again in Regular Session in December

Washington, Nov. 23—Sine die adjournment of Congress was expected tonight bringing to an end the extra session which was called by President Harding April 12 The senate had agreed to a vote late today on the tax bill and with this out of the way was prepared to adjourn while the house was marking time awaiting for the senate to declare its business finished

Associated Press, No. 23 — Final enactment of the tax revision bill was accomplished today with the acceptance by the senate of the conference report The measure now goes to the President, whose signature makes it law. Senator Ladd opposed the report This is the bill which repeals the excess profits and transportation taxes, does away with most of the so called nuisance and luxury taxes, reduces individual taxes all along the line and increases the corporation income tax from ten to twelve and a half per cent The measure generally is conceded only as temporary, and the understanding is a new bill will be framed within a year or so.

The regular session will be convened in December when the Ford-Newberry election contest and other measures which have been under immediate consideration in the closing days of the extra session will again be taken up

SET CONTEST HEARING

Washington Nov 23—The senate today agreed to dispose of the Ford Newberry senatorial election contest early in January The agreement which was by unanimous consent provides that the election case shall be considered to the exclusion of all else on the fourth calendar day on which the senate is in session after January 1 and to limit debate after two days of general discussion

ANTI-BEER BILL SIGNED TODAY

Washington Nov 23—The anti medical beer bill was signed today by President Harding

Inaugurated

R. A. NESTOS

S. JOHNSON

J. A. KITCHEN

WEATHER REPORT

For 24 hours ending at noon Nov 23

Temperature at 7 a m.	10
Highest yesterday	7
Lowest yesterday	0
Lowest last night	4
Precipitation	Trace
Highest wind velocity	22-SE

Weather Forecast

For Bismarck and Vicinity Unsettled weather tonight and Thursday [illegible] snow, colder Thursday

For North Dakota Unsettled weather tonight and Thursday with possibly snow, colder Thursday

Weather Conditions

The center of the western low pressure area has advanced to Wyoming and it covers the entire Rocky Mountain region resulting in unsettled weather over western sections Light snow has fallen over the extreme western states the Canadian Northwest and portions of the northern border states The temperature has risen slightly over the northwest

ORRIS W. ROBERTS
Meteorologist

UNION SERVICE WILL BE HELD THANKSGIVING

Union Thangsgiving services will be held under the auspices of the Bismarck Ministerial Association at the Evangelical Church on Thursday at 10:30 A. M. Rev. E. F. Alfson, president of the Ministerial Associatalon will preside.

Following is the program of the service:

Piano Prelude.

Song, "Come Thou Almighty King." Congregation.

Reading of the President's Proclamation. Rev. H. C. Postlethwaite.

Song, "America."

Prayer, Rev. I. R. Johnson.

Anthem, "Sing Praises," Choir.

Scripture Lesson.

Announcements.

Offering for North Dakota Children's Home and for North Dakota Society for the Friendless.

Song "Praise Him," Male Chorus.

Sermon by Rev. S. F. Halfyard, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church

Closing song.

Benediction.

NEW GOVERNOR KINDLES PRIDE IN STATE, PLEDGES ECONOMY ASKS STRIFE BE FORGOTTEN

R. A. Nestos, Sveinbjorn Johnson and Joseph A. Kitchen Are Inducted Into Office in State Capitol With House Chamber Crowded—Chief Executive Outlines Administration Plans in Inaugural Address—Will Make Probe of State's Business and Report to People.

(INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR NESTOS IN FULL ON PAGE 3)

R. A. Nestos, inaugurated this afternoon as the thirteenth Governor of North Dakota, kindled the fires of an awakened state pride.

With the premise that "fundamentally the state of North Dakota is, I believe, a better field for investment than any other state in the union" Governor Nestos promised on behalf of the new administration and economcial, fair and open state administration

He invited the people to forget rancor and strife with the statement that "It is the hope and purpose of the incoming administration to forget as far as possible the differences and discords of past campaigns and to view the present situation in the state calmly, dispassionately and with but one thought and purpose in mind, that of serving honestly the best interest of the citizenship of our state."

The inauguration took place as scheduled, the suit to stop it having been put aside by the supreme court late yesterday

In his speech Mr. Nestos said:

1. No session of the legislature is in immediate prospect.

2. A thorough examination and public report of every state department, industry and activity will be made.

3. He will reduce state expenses by dispensing with employes and decreasing the payroll.

4. He will endeavor to "redeem the credit of the state" and attract outside investors.

5. He will keep campaign promises.

6. The administration favors completing the Grand Forks mill and elevator.

7. North Dakota should assist in movements that tend toward improvement of conditions on the farm and solution of marketing problems.

Ceremonies Held.

The change in administration publicly took place in the chamber of the house of representatives this afternoon The canvassing board met this morning and after canvassing the vote placed the official majority of Mr Nestos at 4,500, that of Sveinbjorn Johnson for attorney general at 7,000, and that of Joseph A. Kitchen for commissioner of agriculture and labor at 6,000

Crowded into the house chamber were men and women from all parts of the state Many of them arrived just in time for the inauguration, having ascertained by long-distance telephone that the supreme court had denied the writ asked for staying the canvassing board. Two score of Independent legislators were here for the inaugural. Among those in attendance were Dr P. A. Nestos, of Minot, brother of the governor, and Dr Nestos' wife.

Secretary of State Thomas Hall presided at the inauguration. The audience opened the ceremonies after the introduction by singing "America." Right Rev Vincent Wehrle, O.B.S Bishop of Bismarck, gave the invocation Judge Christianson of the supreme court administered the oath of office and delivered a short address

The Sargeant at Arms was Staale Hendrickson Presiding officer Hall appointed independent members of the legislature who were present to escort the judges of the Supreme Court, Bishop Wehrle and the newly elected officials to the house Chamber.

As they entered the chamber which was decorated with American flags the audience which filled the lower floor gallery and occupied most of the available standing space broke into cheers.

Before proceeding with the program, Mr Hall read a telegram from J F. T O'Connor of Grand Forks expressing confidence in the new officials

The Community Chorus sang the North Dakota hymn Governor Nestos delivered his inaugural address the Community chorus sang and a reception in the governor's office followed

Says State Is Sound.

I am mindful of the fact that for various reasons the confidence in our state as a field for investment has been shaken and that at the present time the credit of the state and its people seem unduly impaired and I am confident that no good reason exists for the continuance of this condition and attitude said Mr Nestos in his address Fundamentally the state of North Dakota is I believe a better field for investment than any other state in the union There was no inflation of land values during the period of high prices of agricultural products not even such an increase

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FRAZIER SAYS FAREWELL; NOT AT INAUGURAL

Governor Leaves Farewell Message Thanking Friends For Loyal Support

HAS BUT ONE REGRET

Governor Lynn J Frazier left the state capitol about 1 o'clock this afternoon not to return as Governor

He declined to attend the inaugural but during the morning Governor Frazier and Mr Nestos had a long talk

Before leaving Governor Frazier gave out the following message:

"I have but one more message before I leave the capitol for the farm, and that is a message of heartfelt thanks to all members of the Nonpartisan League and to all others of our citizens who have so loyally supported my administration through five long years of struggle and who have stood by me and my associates in victory and defeat

The only regret I have as I surrender the responsibilities of office, is that we have not been able to render greater service to the people of our beloved state, but we have done the best that was in us, and the fight is still on and will be until the complete success of the Industrial Program is assured We have left the Bank of North Dakota the keystone of the program, in splendid financial shape for our successors to use, and I sincerely hope they will be able to immediately aid our hard pressed farmers I leave office 'with malice toward none and charity for all' and with the abiding conviction that the people of North Dakota will not only settle the grave problems that confront them but will, in the future as in the past, be in the front trenches of the forces that are now struggling to establish economic freedom for the producing classes of the world"

(Signed) Lynn J Frazier

Governor Frazier told Mr Nestos he would move out of the Governor's mansion this afternoon if it was desired Mr. Nestos assured him that he did not desire this They shook hands in cordial manner as they parted

BUSINESS MEN AT COMMISSION

Ask Improved Service Upon The Soo Railroad Line

A score of Bismarck business men were present at the hearing before the state railroad commission this morning at which the business men asked the railroad commission to order the institution of daylight business service on the North and South Soo lines so that persons may come to Bismarck transact business and get home the same day

The hearing was on an order to show cause to the Soo line The change of schedule proposed, it was stated was on account of the necessity of making connections and for reducing a loss in operating revenues on the branch

J P Sells was the first witness for the local business men and explained the importance and necessity of the daylight business service and objecting to the new proposed schedules

JURY VISITS FATTY'S HOTEL

San Francisco Nov 23—The jury trying Roscoe Arbuckle for manslaughter today was scheduled to visit the Hotel St Francis where the film comedian host at a party last Labor Day is alleged to have inflicted injuries which caused the death of Virginia Rappe

NewspaperARCHIVE®

ENGINEERS TASK IS TO TAME THE MISSOURI RIVER

Now Working From Fort Benton, Mont., To Point Near Alton, Illinois

RIVER ACTS LIKE OUTLAW

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 22.—(By the Associated Press)—Taming the Missouri river, outlaw among American rivers, is the task of the United States army river engineers, whose headquarters are here. Their sector is the Missouri river, from Fort Benton, Montana, to a point opposite Alton, Illinois, where the Missouri, with a roar and a rush joins the Mississippi, and thereafter sweeps with some degrees of calmness to the Gulf of Mexico.

The task of the river engineers is to persuade and coerce the Missouri river into "staying out," and to coax it out of its long-time custom of changing its channel whenever the whim moves it.

This may sound like an exaggeration but to anyone who has spent a day on the river with the army engineers, and has seen the Missouri eating away at a corn field with wicked energy, swallowing up earth, corn, weeds, fences and trees, it seems sometimes as if the river actually had a personality, and an outlaw one at that. And while carrying away farm land from one bank, somewhere else it is equally busy, piling up sand, mud, and driftwood, making land out of what was river a few days before. Then, too, the river has a habit of occasionally clogging its own channel, building sand bars so long and so high that it must needs become broad and shallow in order to continue its restless course.

It is a constant struggle, but it is not a hopeless one, and the engineers point with a measure of justified pride to those places along the stream where they have built dikes, which resulted in the making of land; to the concave bends where revetments have stopped the river from cutting its bank. Given a dike on one side and a revetment on the other, and constant diligence, so that small breaks may be repaired before they become serious, the river engineers say they can keep the stream fairly well anchored.

Fifty years ago, before the coming of the railroads, the Missouri was the great western artery of commerce, and steamboats plowed its waters as far as Fort Benton, Montana. Knowing how difficult it always is for the railroads to handle great wheat harvests, one wonders why it is not possible for the river to handle some of this traffic.

The engineer quietly tells you that it is possible, then he goes on and explains the two general reasons why it is not being done. One is that there is now very little money for improving and keeping up the river.

The other reason is that many mistakes have been made in the type of towboats used. Boats designed for any other river in the world but the Missouri, have been used, and because of the shifting depths of the river have failed. With all its disadvantages, there is a good deal to be said, according to the engineers, for the old paddle wheel steamer, side wheeler, or stern wheeler, that draws little or no water, which condition is ideal for service on the Missouri.

The river is navigable, say the engineers, and with sufficient time and patience, it can be made manageable.

"A great game if you don't weaken," one says to Major Wilkes, in charge of the river work, and his aides.

"You can't weaken," they assure you, "You just keep after it, for the river itself never weakens."

DEFER ACTION ON ORDINANCE

City Commission Passes Taxi Ordinance Over a Week

The city commission, in meeting last night, deferred action on the ordinance requiring taxicab line owners to carry liability insurance. Scott Cameron appeared in opposition to the ordinance, saying it would put too heavy a burden on the taxicab owner without giving the passenger proportionate benefit.

Police Commissioner Henzler announced that the fire whistle will blow next Sunday morning when Marshal Foch's train arrives in Bismarck. The commission granted use of the Auditorium for the Foch meeting.

Bills were allowed as follows:

Bismarck Dairy Co.	$ 1.00
Farmer-Labor Record	38.46
Finney's Drug Store	19.91
Washburn Lignite Coal Co.	89.28
Dr. A. M. Fisher	25.00
French & Welch Hdw. Co.	5.75
Wachter Transfer Co	14.00
Bismarck Dairy Co.	13 47
Police Payroll	74.00
C. A. Finch Lumber Co.	.75
Wachter Transfer Co.	7.00
St. Alexius Hospital	20.00
C. A. Finch Lumber Co.	20.35
St. Alexius Hospital	73.50
Street and Sewer Dept.	113.50

DID PAIN DISTURB YOUR SLEEP?

THE pain and torture of rheumatism can be quickly relieved by an application of Sloan's Liniment. It brings warmth, ease and comfort and lets you sleep soundly.

Always have a bottle *handy* and apply when you feel the first twinge.

It penetrates without rubbing.

It's splendid to take the pain out of tired, aching muscles, sprains and strains, stiff joints, and lame backs.

For forty years pain's enemy. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment Pain's enemy

CHRISTMAS IS COMING

One of the first signs of Christmas are the little girls who sell anti-tuberculosis seals to aid the national drive for the prevention of tuberculosis. Here one of the first stamp salesgirls is selling Justice William H. Taft of the Supreme Court.

FORDNEY TARIFF BILL IS BLOW TO NATION'S AGRICULTURE, QUICK SAYS

Washington, Nov. 22.—"Create a desert of American farm land and call it protection."

Such will be the fate of agriculture if the five year graduate duty on potash is not stricken from the Fordney Bill, in the opinion of Herbert Quick, author and economist, in an interview just issued.

The Senate Finance Committee is now holding hearings on the Fordney bill and the so-called "free list," in which the potash "joker" appears will shortly reach the calendar for public argument.

Mr Quick, who was one of the original members of the Federal Farm Loan Bureau and is a national authority on sources of fertility, declared he had "no words severe enough fitly to characterize theman, who knows the facts, who, in Congress or out, will support a measure so iniuitous as to make fertilizer dearer to the interest of these experimenters in potash production who are aking for the tariff."

"Whether a man be a protectionist or a free trader," Mr Quick continued, "I fail to see how, if he be devoted to the real interests of his country, he can support the project to place a tariff on potash. We have no assurance that the American supply of potash can ever be sufficient for the American demand no matter how the arift affects the industry. In other word, from the mills is is a by-product and will be produced anyhow at a profit. It does not need protection.

"The Texas potash beds may or may not exist in any large quantity. I have been investigating them for years, and they elude one who seeks plentiful, cheap potash. The saline lakes of Nevada and Nebrask and the auld regions are a fertilizer joke. They were useful when the European supply was cut off, and that is the extent of their utility so far as potash is concerned.

"To force the farmer to rely on American sources of supply for potash is to condemn him to a real scarcity as to quantity and to prices which he cannot pay. This is not a mere fertilizer problem. It is a problem of national welfare. When the lands needing fertilizers once run down about so low in fertility they will never be brought back. This law tends to create a desert and call it protection.

"Farmers in my neighborhood are ceasing to fertilize though they have practised it for generations. They cannot pay the prices. To put a tariff on potash is to increase the price. High freight rates make this problem more difficult. A tariff, or any plan which will force us to depend on the American sources, inadequate as they are, would be fatal."

CANADIANS IN ELECTION TODAY

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 22.—Nomination of parliamentary candidates took place today in every electoral division throughout Canada. The general election will be held December 6.

In the majority of division the government party, headed by Premier Meighen has candidates in the field while the liberals (opposition) party, led by W. L. MacKenzie King, is also strongly represented. The progressives placed many candidates especially in the west.

Many prospective candidates failed to post the necessary deposit to obtain formal nomination.

MELLONS GIVE HUGE SUM TO UNIVERSITY

Pittsburgh, Nov. 22.—A. W. Mellon, secretary of the treasury, and his brother, R. B. Mellon, have given to the University of Pittsburgh a plot of land acquired at a cost of $1,500,000, it was announced by Chancellor John G. Bowman last night. The property, some 14 acres, lies between the university and Carnegie Institute, in the educational center of the city, and on it will be erected laboratories dedicated to chemistry, physics, mathematics and biology.

The gift supplements a former gift of the Mellons which some years ago resulted in the opening of the Mellon Institute of Research as a part of the university.

It is the intention of the university, Dr Bowman said, to make the institution the "world center in scientific teaching and research."

NO MIXED TRAIN SOO ANNOUNCES

There will be no mixed train on the South Soo line under the proposed change of schedule it was announced today by the Soo division office. It was stated that the changes in schedule are due to the necessity of making connections at Hankinson and Drake where schedules have been altered.

"SAFETY FIRST" PLEA CONTINUES

Railroad Commission Discusses Result of Campaign

The Safety First campaign which was formally launched in North Dakota on November 14 will be continued for an indefinite period, the state railroad commission announces in the folowing bulletin:

"The maner in which the press, the pulpit, and the general public have responded to the call of the board of railroad commissioners for general observation of Safety First week has been very gratifying. As stated in previous bulletins, this is just the beginning of an extensive campaign which the commission hopes to conduct throughout the year of 1922 for the purpose of educating the public to the dangers of railroad grade crossings. We believe that the old adage "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is particularly applicable to this situation.

"During the next year the commission hopes to eliminate many dangerous crossings. It is our purpose to cooperate with various organizations in placing warning signs on public highways, and where necessity demands, we will insist that signals be placed at crossings by the railroads However, if accidents are to be prevented, we must have the undivided support of the public, and we again solicit the cooperation of all public spirited citizens

"The commission has arranged to place placards in every railroad station in North Dakota and in most of the garages, warning the public to be careful at grade crossings Let our slogan be 'Safety First'"

INGROWN NAIL

Toe Nail Turns Out Itself if You Toughen Skin

A noted authority says that a few drops of "Outgro" upon the skin surrounding the ingrowing nail reduces inflammation and pain and so toughens the tender, sensitive skin underneath the toe nail, that it can not penetrate the flesh, and the nail turns naturally outward almost over night.

"Outgro" is a harmless, antiseptic manufactured for chiropodists. However, anyone can buy from the drug store a tiny bottle containing directions.

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Bergeson's Radical Clearance Sale

This is a radical clearance sale because of the quality we offer at these low prices. These sale prices are based on today's market, not last year's prices. We are willing to take this loss to clear our stock.

$50 Suits and Overcoats **$41.75**

$40 Suits and Overcoats **$31.75**

$30 Suits and Overcoats **$21.75**

LAMB LINED COATS

$35 Coats **$27.50**

$30 Coats **$21.75**

$25 Coats **$18**

$15 Coats **$10**

These are all Gordon Coats.

Service and Satisfaction or money refunded

S. E. Bergeson & Son

RAINMAKING AN ABSURDITY SAYS DEAN E. S. KEENE

Case of Betting on Weather With all the Advantage in Favor of Rainmaker

RAINMAKING IS A FAKE

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 22.—That the business of rainmaking, indulged in by a few men in some of the arid regions of the United States and other countries, is, in the minds of scientists an absurdity and not worthy of refutation was the statement of Dean E. S. Keene of the School of Engineering of the North Dakota Agricultural College in an address here today before the Science and Mathematics Section of the North Dakota State Teachers' Association.

Dr. Keene introduced his subject by telling of the payment last summer by the Medicine Hat United Agricultural Association of more than $5,000 to a rain maker and the retention of the same rainmaker for the 1922 season. Investigation by the dean developed that while the rainmaker had agreed to produce four inches of rain in three months, the average rainfall for the period was seven inches and that the weather stations adjacent but outside of the area in which he worked reported more rain than fell in the Medicine Hat area.

"It is not the present intention to attempt to disprove the possibility of making rain," said Dr. Keene. "To meteorologists and those of scientific mind who are acquainted with atmospheric phenomena, rainmaking is an absurdity. To attempt to disprove a manifest absurdity is a waste of time. Rainmaking is the practice of betting on weather conditions with the advantage much in favor of the rainmaker. It is similar to the gentle art of bookmaking, in the case of horse racing. The bookmaker arranges a table, based on the average racing performance of the horses entered in a given race, and offers a scale of bets at odds to suit each condition; from even money to the 100 to 1 shot. In rainmaking the rainmaker bases his bet on the average rainfall.

"To the Scientist, rainfall is produced by precipitation from a saturated atmosphere. Unless the moisture is in the air, rain cannot be produced. If the moisture is present it can be precipitated only by a fall of temperature such as will over-saturate the air and the water will fall in drops as rain. The rate of rainfall will depend upon the rate of change of temperature to produce super saturation. This is well known to all who are acquainted with the physics of the air. In quantity, the amount of weather equivalent to an inch of rainfall on a square mile is more than 72,000 tons. It is therefore evident that the artificial production of rainfall represents the condensation of water in enormous quantity. No artificial means has yet been suggested that would produce a trace of moisture over an area of 100 miles in radius.

"In 1892 the United States Department of Agriculture was given the task of expending $10,000 that had been previously appropriated to demonstrate the possibility of stimulating rainfall by explosives. The result of the experiments were reported through the department to the Senate, February 24, 1892, in a pamphlet of 59 pages. The report is a description of the method in which the $10,000 were expended. There was nothing disclosed of value as to artificial rainmaking. At this time the business of rainmaking is a fake. It is a method of sharp practice which can be dispelled if the teacher of science will lay stress on the application of natural laws to everyday practice.

"TINO" MAY GIVE HIM CROWN

PRINCE GEORGE.

By NEA Service.

London, Nov. 22—King Constantine of Greece may abdicate in favor of his son, Prince George, says a report going the rounds here.

The report is linked with the recent visit to Paris and London of the Greek prime minister, Gounaris.

FLOODS DAMAGE ITALIAN TOWNS

Messina, Sicily, Nov. 22.—(By the Associated Press)—Cloudbursts have devastated the whole countryside in the region, entire villages being swept by the floods and lines of communication broken.

Hundreds of persons are homeless and several deaths are reported.

MURDERED MAN ROBBED, BELIEF OF IOWA POLICE

Mason City, Ia., Nov. 22.—That robbery was the motive for the murder of George Harris, taxicab driver, whose mangled body was found on a railroad track at Plymouth, Ia., yesterday was the statement of police today. The blood-spattered car of the driver was found near the city.

Harris was last seen in Nora Springs in company with two strangers. Police believe he was killed and robbed and his body placed on the railroad tracks.

REPORT GIVEN BY REV. NEWCOMB

Rev. G. B. Newcomb, superintendent of the State Humane Society and Society for the Friendless, makes the following report on work since midsummer:

Investigation of reported cases number of children involved 91. Conditions corrected and children allowed to remain to the number of 28. Children placed or going through the process of placing, 30

Two boxes of clothing received and disposed mostly among prisoner families.

Helped in three instances to get the mother on the county pension.

Pendered service in four cases of illegitimacy and much other service given not mentioned here.

The society at this Thanksgiving time welcomes contributions in any amount and will gratefully receive also clothing especially for children.

The cooperation of the public is also solicited in helping to place children Apparently more than ever before families are going to pieces and helpless children must have good homes. We welcome prospective names of those held in good reute.

Geo. B. Newcomb, Supt., 924 Sixth street, Bismarck, N. D.

NOTICE

Small Pox is again prevalent in Bismarck. Vaccination will prevent this disease. All children should be vaccinated.

C. E. Stackhouse, Health Officer.

QUIT TOBACCO

So easy to drop Cigarette, Cigar, or Chewing habit

No-To-Bac has helped thousands to break the costly, nerve-shattering tobacco habit. Whenever you have a longing for a smoke or chew, just place a harmless No-To Bac tablet in your mouth instead. All desire stops Shortly the habit is completely broken, and you are better off mentally physically nancially. It's so easy, so simple. Get a box of No-To-Bac and if it doesn't release you from all craving for tobacco in any form, your druggist will refund your money without question.

A STUDENT LOAN FUND ADVOCATE

Wilkinson Believes It Should Get More Publicity

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 22—Greater publicity for student loan funds was advocated by J. W. Wilkinson, business manager of the University of North Dakota in an address before the Higher and Professional Education Section of the North Dakota State Teachers association here today. Mr. Wilkinson held that better publicity would lead a larger number of worth while students to make the attempt to go to college.

"The loan fund should be a challenge to the student," Mr. Wilkinson told the assembled college teachers. "He should be made to know that if he is willing to make an effort in his own behalf to the extent of earning a part of his own expenses or that he has made the best of the aid given him by his parents, if he has shown aptitude, ambition, scholarship and industry and has good character, then he should have the benefits of the loan fund. In our own university, we confine our loans almost without exception, to juniors and seniors to enable them to complete their courses. If our loan fund were larger, we should probably make it available to sophomores also if they met the requirements that I have indicated.

"In our own University 65 per cent earn a part of their expenses and 30 per cent are entirely dependent upon their own support. Some are earners throughout the entire year, earning a part of their expenses during the summer and a part while attending school. My observation has been that the student who is at least partly dependent upon his own efforts, makes as good or better use of his advantages than the student who is supported by his parents."

IN BISMARCK

The Evidence Is Supplied by Local Testimony.

If the reader wants stronger proof than the following statement and experience of a resident of Bismarck, what can it be?

Clayton W. Ferguson, 608 3rd Ave., Bismarck, N. D., says "A year ago I had trouble with my kidneys. They were weak, at times, and I seemed to have no control over the kidney secretions. My back bothered me especially at night and I was stiff and lame. I had been doing some extra hard work and I blame that for the start of my trouble. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and got two boxes Doan's soon ended my trouble and I felt better in every way since taking them I am pleased to give Doan's my endorsement."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Ferguson had Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

WHO'LL REPRESENT U. S.?

Lady Diana Manners has just been picked by E. O. Hoppe, London photographic artist, as England's representative in his "Book of the World's Fairest Women." He won't tell yet who is to represent America in the volume.

The Winter fire is often a COMPLETE LOSS. Is your property insured safely, properly?

MURPHY

INSURE NOW

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WANT COMPETENT TEACHERS, SAYS JOHN H. TIGERT

Claims Average Adult American Citizen Is Only Sixth Grader

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 23.—The farmer has never had a square deal in the economics of America and this makes it well nigh impossible to give the country boy and girl a square deal in the schools, John H. Tigert of Washington, D. C., U. S. Commissioner of Education, declared here today before the North Dakota State Teachers' Association.

"In spite of the great progress made in the consolidation of schools, two-thirds of the schools in the United States are one-room schools" Dr. Tigert said. "Here are to be found the most incompetent teachers, here are the shortest terms, here is the most meagre equipment and here the financial support is least."

The nation has never achieved its dream of equal opportunity in education, the federal commissioner said, and this he characterized as a fundamental problem of the republic today.

In 1898 only a little more than half of the nation's children were actually in the public schools, he said, and of those only one out of ten got to high school and not more than one out of 50 to college.

"Instead of the average American having the fundamentals of a good education, the average adult American citizen is only a sixth grader in information and large numbers cannot even read and write the English language," Dr. Tigert declared.

Two things need to be done in this situation, Commissioner Tigert said. First, illiteracy must be cut off through enforcement of the laws requiring boys and girls to be in school in the school years. Then sufficient funds must be obtained to "make it possible for a competent man or woman to teach our children and live decently."

Addressing himself to the teacher problem, Dr. Tigert said:

"There are at the present time hundreds of thousands of teachers in the schools of the United States who are incompetent. The school rooms are no longer empty as they were during the war, but it has been estimated that not more than one out of four is really trained for efficient teaching. The average teacher is not more than an eleventh grader and countless numbers have never had a high school education.

"It is the greatest disgrace that America bears and the deepest insult that has ever been offered to any childhood that in an era of unparalleled prosperity in the richest nation that ever existed on the globe, sufficient funds were not available to pay red blooded men and women to teach the American boys and girls. That was in the period of the war and after but unless the American people realize, in the future, that teachers must be paid as much and more than artisans, janitors, delivery boys and scavengers, then let no one be surprised if the Babel of Ignorance should eventually destroy the temple of freedom."

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR NESTOS

FAVORS COOPERATION IN DEVELOPMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Governor R. A. Nestos' inaugural address follows:

"The inauguration of the governor ordinarily occurs with the opening of the legislative assembly and the constitution of our state therefore, provides that the governor shall communicate to the legislature at the commencement of each session, information as to the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient.

The circumstance under which this inauguration occurs are, however, extraordinary and unique in the annals of our country. I have been elected at a recall election, to complete the term of the man who was elected governor at the last general election. No legislature is in session and no session is in immediate prospect. No information or recommendation for the guidance of the legislative body need therefore form a part of the inaugural program, but rather a statement to the people of the state, of the plans and purposes of the incoming administration.

"I shall not at this time attempt to give accurate information as to the condition of our state's business, but may say that I propose without delay to make a thorough examination, as far as possible, of every department, industry and activity, for the support of which tax moneys have been used, and to lay the results of such investigation before the people of our state.

What Is Needed.

"But I do wish to inform you as to the administrative measures I deem expedient at the present time and what course of action I propose to follow in the management of the affairs of the state. It is the hope and expectation of the new administration to reduce the number of appointees and the size of the public payroll and to keep and employ in the service of the people only such as are of proven honesty and efficiency and willing to render the best service of which they are capable. In addition to the economies resulting from such increased efficiency and decreased payroll, the administration expects to exercise such other economies in the management of the public business as shall greatly reduce the cost of administration and to that extent reduce the tax burden of our people.

"I am mindful of the fact that for various reasons the confidence in our state as a field for investment has been shaken and that at the present time, the credit of the state and its people seem unduly impaired and I am confident that no good reason exists for the continuance of this condition and attitude. Fundamentally the state of North Dakota is, I believe, a better field for investment than any other state in the union. There was no inflation of land values during the period of high prices of agricultural products; not even such an increase in the market value of our land as would be warranted by its great productivity and that therefore the present valuation of North Dakota land is extremely low and offers an exceedingly attractive field for investment. Our bonded indebtedness is comparatively low, our lands fertile, our resources great and our people as intelligent, hard working and saving as the population of any state in the union. As the funds derived from the sale of securities and from other sources will no longer be diverted from the purposes for which appropriated or raised, but will be consistently kept for the uses intended and for no other, there should come to the investing public an additional sense of security in judging North Dakota investments, I am confident that in the months and years to come, there will be no better field in which to purchase mortgages, warrants, tax certificates, bonds and other securities than in the state of North Dakota, and I believe that the people of other states will recognize this fact, and that with such recognition will come an immediate investment in these North Dakota securities as a safe and desirable source of income, with the result that our credit will be speedily rebuilt and restored.

"The issues of the recent campaign were thoroughly discussed and carefully considered by the people of our state. In the outcome of the election following the campaign I believe therefore there lies an expression of confidence in the integrity and high purpose of the incoming officials and a feeling on the part of the people that the promises made during the campaign were sincerely made and that they will be honestly and fairly kept and performed by the officials elected, it is the purpose of the incoming administration to redeem the promises made and to carry out the plans fully, fairly and honestly.

Rebuild Credit.

"I am confident that in the rebuilding of the state's credit, the establishment of a system of rural credits efficiently conducted will be of great value to our people. While the act providing for a system of rural credits was lost because of the many who failed to vote on these laws, and while the existing laws place a limit of ten million dollars upon the bonds that may be issued for this purpose, I feel, nevertheless, that an efficient and economical system of rural credits can be established and conducted under the present laws of our state and will result in securing for the farmers of our state the privilege of making farm loans at a reasonable rate of interest and at small cost. Such defects as exist in the present law can be obviated and the public interest fully safeguarded by regulations to be adopted by the new industrial commission.

"There is much difference of opinion among the people of our state as to the wisdom or feasibility, of state-owned and state-operated industrial enterprises. An increasing number of our citizens believe that ultimately the solution of the many difficult and perplexing problems in connection with the marketing and milling of our grain will come through the voluntary co-operation of the people who raise the grain and in this view I personally concur. But at the present time we have entered upon the experiment of running a mill at Drake and establishing a mill and elevator of larger capacity at Grand Forks with the expectation that the Grand Forks project shall be completed and managed for the benefit of the farmers and taxpayers of our state. Nearly a million dollars had already been invested in the buildings and both as a matter of salvaging this property most advantageously and also for the purpose of furnishing the opportunity to those thousands of farmers, who honestly believe that such a state owned and operated mill and elevator can be made profitable, to have the experiment tried fully, fairly and honestly, we shall as we promised in our platform and campaign speeches, complete the mill and elevator at Grand Forks as economically and speedily as possible. We propose to provide the funds required not only for the completion of the mill and elevator but also for the working capital of the project and then propose to arange for a management, honest, efficient and economical so as to insure a full, fair and honest trial of the experiment.

"Our state is an agricultural state and is therefore vitally interested in everything that effects the welfare of the farmers. The cause of the low prices for so many of the farm products is therefore a matter deserving of our attention and most careful study. Many of the articles that the farmer must buy have not been reduced in price in proportion to the fall in the prices of the products raised on the farm. These products are, however, not peculiar to North Dakota but are problems confronting the farmers in every state of the union. I believe that North Dakota can and should assist in the movements that tend toward the improvement of conditions on the farm, solution of the marketing problems and

Takes Counsel of All.

"I desire in the conduct of the governor's office and in the management of the state's business to secure the best possible results for the people of our state and for the purpose of realizing this hope, it is my purpose to counsel with all who take an interest in public affairs and who have the welfare of the state at heart, regardless of past political affiliations. We intend to seek and to secure if possible, the benefits of the knowledge, training and experience of those who are expert in all departments of our state government and of all activities in which the state is interested, seeking in the solution of each problem that confronts the administration, the advice of those who are especially versed therein.

"It is the hope and purpose of the incoming administration to forget as far as possible the differences and discords of past campaigns and to view the present situation in the state calmly and dispassionately and with but one thought and purpose in mind, that of serving honestly the best interest of the citizenship of our state. I feel confident that the common bond of our obligations to the public and our desire for the welfare of the state will impel and inspire us all to unite in the single purpose of serving the people of our great commonwealth honestly and faithfully."

A HALF MILLION BUSHELS GRAIN TO BE HANDLED

By U. S. Grain Growers, Inc, According To Report Of Mr. Gustafson

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 23.—The U. S. Grain Growers, Inc., is now the largest cooperative grain marketing organization in the world, in point of membership, bushels of grain to be handled and territory covered, C. H. Gustafson, its president, told the American Farm Bureau Federation here today. This farmer corporation was formed in Chicago last April.

"We have nearly 25000 members in ten middle west states representing at least fifty million bushels of marketable grain," Mr. Gustafson reported.

"This is more than either one of the two large farmers' companies in Canada have ever handled in a year. The most that any of these companies have handled in one year was some forty million bushels. In other and later years they have handled less than half that much.

"If the present rate of progress continues the U. S. Grain Growers will have 150,000 members a year from now, representing at least three hundred million bushels of grain.

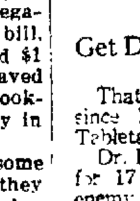
"There is handled on the Chicago market in one year an average of about three hundred and twenty-five million bushels, so there is promise of our becoming a real factor in the grain markets of the world."

Any intention of manipulating prices of the farmers through their own marketing machinery was vigorously disavowed by president Gustafson. He said they were dissatisfied with present conditions because they believed market prices were manipulated, and if farmers were to adopt similar practices they "would deserve all of the public condemnation that would be heaped upon them."

"If we deal fairly with consumers, we shall prosper," he said. "But if we pervert our organizations to the end of artifically affecting prices they will not last."

There is no brighter spot on the horizon of American agriculture today than that of cooperative marketing, President Gustafson observed.

"A large majority of American farmers have progressed far enough along the road of cooperation so that we can spend time profitably in explaining methods rather than be forced to mark time while we argue principles," he reported. "The farmer is not only ready to cooperate but he is working with his neighbors in township, county, state and nation."



Mend that Leak

Unequalled for home-soldering. Easy to use. No heat. No tools. A sure metal mender, 15c. Ask your dealer.
HERCULES PRODUCT CO.
Council Bluffs, Ia., U. S. A.
HERCULES Cold Soder

SIDELIGHTS ON THE CONFERENCE

By NEA Service.

Washington, Nov. 23.—"Jimmy Wadsworth, Jr., senator from New York and chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, apparently doesn't think much of this armament limitation business.

"Jimmy" sat in the gallery the other day while the spokesmen for Great Britain and Italy approved "in principle" the Hughes naval reductions.

While Balfour and Kato made points that brought the audience to its feet, Wadsworth sat silent, glum and morose. Not once did he indicate even a semblance of approval.

Perhaps Jimmy is afraid his position as chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee will lose prestige with a reduction in military expenditures.

Still, maybe Wadsworth is congenitally opposed to modern advancement. He fought woman suffrage as bitterly as he now appears to oppose military reductions. Perhaps he can't help it. Maybe he was born that way. Some folks are.

Like her daddy, T. R., Alive Roosevelt Longworth likes to smash convention and tradition.

Whereas all other ladies attending the conferece wear hats—most colorful, and stunning hats—during the sessions, Alice lays hers aside when she enters the box.

Come to think of it, what do you suppose T. R. would say about this conference?

Foreign currencies having become more plentiful than valuable the past few years, it is not to be wondered that visiting foreigners have mistaken cigar store coupons for smaller denominations of American money.

One member of the French delegation, paying for cigars with a $10 bill, received in addition to the $5 and $1 bills in change some nicely engraved green coupons. These coupons, looking like money, were tucked away in the purchaser's wallet.

But when he tried to purchase some fruit with them he discovered they were worth no more than Russian roubles.

Lord Riddel was explaining the English viewpoint on armaments to a reporter.

"Do you take me?" he asked. "Do you take me?"

The interviewer looked blankly at his lordship.

"Oh I say," Riddell exclaimed, "I have made an error. I mean, do you get me?"

Public Stenographers. Business Service Co. First floor, Hoskins Block. Phone 662.

MINNESOTA'S BASKETBALL POSSIBILITIES

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 23.—With athletic directors at the University of Minnesota taking inventory of its victories and losses on the gridiron, following the close of the football season, attention is centered in the basketball possibilities of the Gopher institution.

Although but on candidate, Captain Adrian Kearney, has participated in Big Ten conference games, Dr. L. J. Cooke the basketball coach, has a quantity of promising material which includes several former state college players.

Preliminary practice has been progressing favorably and Coach Cooke has selected his first squad, which will be composed of Kearney, Fogelberg, Sullivan, Forsell, Claydon, Becker, Hanson, Swanson, Pesek, Hultkranz, Grimes, Doyle and Anderson. Hanson, Swanson and Pesek were basketball luminaries in the state colleges.

Coach Cooke does not predict a championship five but with the promising material on hand, hopes to be near the top when the "Big Ten" basketball race is finished.

In an effort to overcome the handicap of lack of experience of some of the men before the season starts, Dr. Cooke has decided to recommend to the Minnesota Athletic Board, that the University of Kansas basketball team be invited to spend the Christmas holidays in Minneapolis, practicing daily with the Gophers and culminating the work in an exhibition game to defray expenses. This idea was first conceived at Kansas.

FOOTBALL GAMES

Thursday, November 24.

Des Moines, Ia.—Drake vs. Grinnell.

Lawrence, Kan.—Kansas vs. Missouri.

Lincoln, Neb.—Colorado Aggies vs. Nebraska.

Houston, Tex.—Oklahoma vs. Rice Intsitute.

St. Louis—Washington vs. St. Louis.

South Bend, Ind.—Michigan Aggies vs. Notre Dame.

Lexington, Ky.—Tennessee vs. Kentucky.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Wabash vs. Marquette.

Cleveland—Case vs. Western Reserve.

Cincinnati—Miami vs. Cincinnati.

Alliance—Wooster vs. Mt. Union.

Athens O.—Marietta vs. Ohio.

Springfield O.—Wittenberg vs. Ohio Northern.

Topeka, Kan.—Washburn vs. Oklahoma Aggies.

Tulsa, Okla.—Phillips vs. Tulsa.

St. Joseph, Mo.—Haskell vs. Des Moines.

Ottawa, Kan.—Baker vs. Ottawa.

Salina, Kan.—Bethany vs. Kansas Wesleyan.

Emporia, Kan.—Kansas State Normal vs. Emporia.

Pittsburg, Kan.—Southwestern vs. State Manual Training.

Sterling, Kan.—Hays Normal vs. Sterling.

Wichita, Kan.—Friends vs. Fairmount.

McPherson, Kan.—Chillo co Indians vs. McPherson.

Galesburg, Ill.—Monmouth vs. Knox.

Gary, Ind.—So. Dakota Aggies vs. Valparaiso.

College Station Tex.—Texas vs. Texas Aggies.

Dallas, Tex.—Southern Methodists vs. Baylor.

Decatur, Ill.—Millikin vs. Lake Forest.

Omaha, Neb.—South Dakota vs. Creighton.

Eureka, Ill.—Bradley vs. Eureka.

Normal, Ill.—Illinois Wesleyan vs. Illinois Normal.

McComb, Ill.—Quincy vs. Western Illinois State Normal.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth"—bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver—constipation, you'll find quick, sure and pleasant results from one or two of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take them every night just to keep right. Try them. 15c and 30c.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—One extension table four chairs, one kerosene stove, two iron beds complete, one rug, three rockers, one child's walker, 311 Avenue D. Phone 132-M. 11-23-3t

FOR RENT—Modern rooms for light housekeeping, with or without heat. 111 Mandan Ave. Phone 672LW 11-23 1wk

HOUSE FOR RENT—Inquire Miss Nathan, Grand Pacific Hotel. Room 302. 11-23-1t

SLOAN'S RELIEVES NEURALGIC ACHES

FOR forty years Sloan's Liniment has been the quickest relief for neuralgia, sciatica and rheumatism, tired muscles, lame backs, sprains and strains, aches and pains.

Keep Sloan's *handy* and apply freely, *without rubbing*, at the first twinge.

It eases and brings comfort surely and readily. You'll find it clean and non-skin-staining.

Sloan's Liniment is pain's enemy. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment (Pain's enemy)

Stops Itching Skin Troubles

The torture of skin itch will quickly be relieved by applying before retiring, Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. One of Dr. Hobson's Family Remedies.

Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment

C. M. DAHL
Dahl Building
Main Street

Three Hundred years ago, the Fathers of Our Country set aside a Special Day of Thanksgiving for their many blessings. When we compare the hardships and privations these early Pilgrims were compelled to endure with the comforts and conveniences of today, we should find ample cause for rejoicing. It would seem proper that we give a little more thought than usual to the origin and full meaning of the day, this year, and note the abundant causes we have for being truly thankful.

In order that everybody connected with this business may have full freedom to observe the day, this store will be closed all day tomorrow.

DAHL'S

Clothing Store

NEW TRAIL IS TO BE BLAZED

Mandan-Killdeer Mountain Trail Is Formed

The Mandan-Killdeer Mountain trail was organized last night in Mandan by represenatives of 14 towns along the route which will run from Mandan to Center in Oliver county over the present established trail, thence west to Hanover and north to Hazen in Mercer county. From Hazen the trail will be blazed through all of the north line towns to Killdeer, thence to a point 20 miles northwest of Killdeer to Oakdale, at the foot of the mountains.

David Schwartz, of Golden Valley, was elected president; L. E. Rose, of Beulah, vice-president, and J. T. Holbelsen, of Golden Valley, secretary-treasurer. Assessments representing a total levy of $850 were made against the various towns and pledged to payment.

The meeting was called by the Mandan Commercial club.

SEEKING JURY ON BURCH TRIAL

Los Angeles, Nov. 23. Selection of a jury was scheduled to proceed with the resumption today of the trial of Arthur C. Burch, indicted with Mrs Madalynne Obenchain, indicted for the murder of J. Belton Kennedy, broker. When adjournment was taken yesterday the first day of the trial, seven women and one man had been temporarily passed as jurors, another woman was undergoing examination and two other women and a man were in the box awaiting questioning.

SUPREME COURT DECIDES SUIT WAS TOO LATE

(Continued from Page 1)

bond deal by the Industrial Commission also filtered through the lobbies, adding to the hum of conversation.

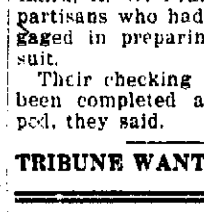
Clear Out Offices

In Governor Frazier's office three stenographers were working to clean up correspondence. Commissioner of Agriculture John Hagan and Attorney-General Lemke were going through their files, and answering personal correspondence. Lights were burning brightly in many offices long after dark.

The last car from the capitol brought down John Bloom, George Laird, R. W. Frazier and other Non partisans who had been feverishly engaged in preparing the nullification suit.

Their checking of counties had not been completed and would be dropped, they said.

TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS



TYPEWRITERS
All makes sold and rented
Bismarck Typewriter Co.
Bismarck, N. D.

His Rival in Love Mortally Wounded—He Forgot All And Turned Avenger!

BISMARCK THEATRE

—presents—

CHARLES (Buck) JONES

—in—

"Riding With Death"

A Romance Packed With Action And Startling Situations.

TONIGHT and THURSDAY

Matinee Thanksgiving Day at 2:30.

Coming Monday

Douglas McLEAN in...................."CHICKENS"

ELTINGE THEATRE
Direction Valleau Theatre Company

TONIGHT

Lewis Stone, Wm. Desmond, Barbara Castleton, Dickie Headrick in
"THE CHILD THOU GAVEST ME."

TOMORROW
THANKSGIVING DAY
CHAS. RAY
in "A MIDNIGHT BELL"
Aesop Fable..................Toonerville Comedy

COMING
ENID BENNETT in......"KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE"
CECIL B. DeMILLES.... "THE AFFAIRS OF ANATOL"
MARIE PREVOST in.........."MOONLIGHT FOLLIES"

Matinee Daily at 2:30

Thanksgiving Day

Tomorrow the World and his wife sit down to turkey and thyme dressing. For tomorrow is Thanksgiving Day. The day when home fires burn brighter, when home loving hearts are lighter than they've been—lo, these many years. So, tomorrow the spirit of reverence and contentment will touch the common-placeness of daliy living—and we will breathe a prayer of gratitude as we rest and play.

Webb Bros.

Store Closed All Day.

YEAST.

A cake of yeast will keep fresh quite a long while if buried in salt.

Certain foods, those rich in vitamins, are more useful than others.

Scott's Emulsion

is replete with those elements that determine growth and strength.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N.J. 20-17

SAVE 50c A TON
Order Your Coal From
The New Salem Lignite Coal Co.
(Corner Front and Eighth St.)
CHAS. RIGLER, Manager.
Phone 738.
COAL $5.00 PER TON DELIVERED

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FORMULA FOR SUCCESSFUL ATHLETICS

Make College Athletics As Attractive As Possbile, Says President Tilden

MATTER OF NECESSITY

Galesburg Ill., Nov 23.—President J M. Tilden of Lombard college here has a little formula for successful college athletics It is this

"Make athletics as attractive as possible"

'Get the best coach you can"

Simple but President Tilden declares it accounts for his school, with only 102 men enrolled turning out a football team which is more likely to score 100 points than 50

"We pay our football coach our maximum salary' President Tilden observed today "All the faculty and everybody is happy

"It is a matter of necessity. You cannot run a college without athletics and to make a success of sports you must have the mest coach you can find, for the same reason that you select the best possible professor for French or the highest authority possible for chemistry Then with athletics an assured success we have a popular fever with which to lift the men, in their educational efforts'

There is that one other great element—Material and President Tilden has been going after that just as vigorously as he campaigned for a football teacher. His choice for coach fell on Paul J. Schissler then assistant director of athletics at the University of Nebraska and head coach of its basketball and baseball teams Schissler had made a great record at Nebraska but liked the idea of heading his own athletic department even at a much smaller school.

It is President Tilden s theory that no material inducements need be extended to bring good athletes to the college.

"Just make your school attractive to the athlete" is the Lombard president's idea and he points to those 102 to 0, and 91 to 0 scores to show how it works.

"Why," said he, "you can sell athletics just the same as you would neckties. You would not sell neckties by offering your customers a bonus, and you do not need to in football. Make your athletic opportunities look so good to the man coming to college that he will want to take advantage of them.

"First we realized that our football field was old and run down. When we finished our stadium I began sending out word through the state to come and see it And they came.

"Now we have our coach, and he is real. Our boys play like a machine. Forty-eight of the 102 men in college are out for the team and they all come out every night; while 80 men in all are out for athletics of one kind or another"

Lombard got off to a fine start by beating Palmer College 102 to 0, then took over Bradley Institute of Peoria 58 to 9, Monmouth 91 to 0, Des Moines University 7 to 0, and St Louis University fell by 61 to 0.

President Tilden looks on college athletics from the inside. He was a track star himself, winning his letter for three years at Worcester Polytechnic.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION—REPORT GIVEN

Fargo, N D., Nov. 23—That vocational training in North Dakota is ready to advance to any point to which funds are available for the proper instruction was the report today of C. E Cavett of Lisbon director of vocational education and executive officer of the State Department of Education Mr Cavett made his report to the session of the agricultural section, showing not only the advance of the year but outlining the entire work of the four sections into which the vocational work in the state falls

To show the advance of the recent years Mr Cavett compared the finances of 1918-19 with the finances of the last completed year 1920-21 as follows

Money received from the Federal government 1918-19 was $11 317 80 which was spent as follows: agriculture, $5,117 80 trades and industries $95, home economics, $1,000, teacher training agriculture $1,875, home economics, $1 775 balance reverted to the government $1,465

nl"1920 21 we received $28,108 97 in Smith-Hughes funds The money was spent as follows agriculture, $12,976 60 home economics (state and federal funds) $7 150, trades and industries $4 000 teacher training, $8 077 52

For the first of the years compared, Mr Cavett reported that eight schools had standards which permitted them to receive aid in agriculture, nine in home economics and one in trade and industries For the latter year, the schools which had attained the proper standards were, fifteen in agriculture sixteen in home economics and four in trades and industries

BROTHERS WORK HARD FOR OLD GOLD OF IOWA

Aubrey Devine Gets Most Of Credit on Gridiron, But Glenn Is Nearly as Good

Iowa City, Ia., Nov. 23.—Two brothers—Aubrey and Glenn Devine—are the chief reasons why the University of Iowa football eleven is on the verge of winning its first Western Conference championship in twenty years, for, while to the average person the Iowa team is largely Aubrey Devine, to persons who have followed the eleven closely it has become more and more evident that Glenn, comparatively unknown, deserves almost as much credit as Aubrey, the All-Western star known to every football enthusiast.

When the Old Gold of Iowa floated triumphantly from the goal posts after games with Notre Dame, Illinois, Purdue and Minnesota, it was Aubrey Devine who generally had done most of the ground gaining. It was Aubrey who hurled the successful forward passes with unerring accuracy and it was Aubrey whose magic toe booted the ball for points. Few realized that but for Glenn, Iowa might not have been victorious, for Glenn's steady and valiant playing was generally of the type that drew little attention but did much toward winning the game.

Glenn opens holes for Aubrey, he spills the opposing tacklers, he dumps interference for Aubrey to make tackles and—best of all—if Aubrey happens to cut loose with a wild forward pass Glenn generally manages to snare it—sometimes with only one hand.

Thus the plugger — Glenn — has drawn little attention and yet without him or someone like him, Aubrey—the star—might have much more difficulty than at present in making his great plays.

Aubrey without Glenn would be a real star—there is no doubt of that—but with Glenn he's one of the greatest in the country.

While these two men have done more than any other pair of players to keep Iowa to the front, the team has several more stars.

In the line Slater, the giant negro, and Belding at tackle and end have consistently been chosen as all-conference and all-western material for several years. Both are playing their fourth season on an Iowa team by virtue of the S. A. T. C. ruling. Slater especially seems to be putting up the most consistently brilliant game of his career this fall.

However, the present strength of the Hawkeyes lies not so much in reliance upon the dependables of other seasons as in the development of new men who are more than holding their own with the old stars. It is doubtful if another line in the conference is as good from one end to the other as the Old Gold forwards, and the Iowa line, plus Gordon Locke at fullback, is enough to cause trouble for any team in America.

Locke is unusually dependable, for when the Hawkeyes are five yards from a touchdown they call on Locke, and Locke generally goes over in one smash leaving a trail of husky opponents on either side of him and underneath. Once through the line Locke also is a good open field runner.

Thompson at left tackle is regarded as a find. He is playing his second year Kadesky at left end is a better man on defense than Belding. Slater is the old reliable at opening holes Heldt and Minick have collaborated to make many an advance possible, but Heldt is especially strong on defense. Mead fills the breach between Heldt and Slater

At carrying the ball the Iowa offense is mostly a two man proposition. Either Aubrey Devine stands back with his triple threat to run, pass or kick or else Locke takes the ball from his place in a threatening interference and charges through the line. Glenn Devine is especially strong on defense at catching passes, or in spilling the opposition to make room for Aubrey. Shuttleworth at the other half can carry the ball well when called on and is fast enough to fit in well with the rest of the backs

Carnival Dance at Baker's Hall Thanksgiving night. 10c a dance. Best music in state. Everybody guaranteed a good time.

Don't Suffer With Piles

When Pyramid Pile Suppositories Bring Blessed Relief from the Distress of Itching, Painful, Protruding Piles. Send for Free Trial

First try them, then tell your friends that Pyramid Pile Suppositories bring blessed relief in the privacy of your own home from itching bleeding or protruding piles hemorrhoids and such rectal troubles Get a 60c box today of any druggist A single box has often been sufficient. You can have a free trial package by sending name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 615 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

EAGLE

Tailoring and Hat Works

Cleaning, Pressing Repairing, Dyeing. Hats Cleaned and Blocked. Knife Pleated Skirts Cleaned and Pressed. We call for and deliver Phone 58 Opposite Postoffice, Bismarck, N D. Mail Orders Solicited.

SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

Easy to Take—Quick in Relief CATARRH of the BLADDER Safe, Successful

Each Capsule bears name MIDY

Remove Counterfeits

LOOK HIM OVER! HE WANTS TO BE A FIGHTER

That man-plus in the middle is Jan Van Albert, 10 years old now and 9 feet 3 inches tall. By the time he really grows up, he's expected to be quite a giant. Ja wandered into a Chicago gymnasium the other day and announced he'd like to learn to be a prizefighter. Tex Moore, who's shown shaking hands with him here, looked him over and told him he might be quite a figure in a circus ring, but they'd have to make the prize ring larger before he could operate efficiently there. Jan hails from Holland.

CURTAIN LOWERED ON DRAMATIC FIVE YEARS OF NORTH DAKOTA FIGHT

(Continued from Page 1)

over the right of the state to break the banking monopoly and secure cheap short term credit for farmers, and this too must be pushed by the new administration, or it will shortly go down before the flood of ballots from the outraged farmers.

"The League officials have been pioneers. Not for North Dakota only, but for the entire nation, they have blazed a new road. It is a road that the people of all the states must follow, for it is the only road that leads out of the swamp of debt and deflation into which big business has lead the farmers and workers.

"The League officials have fought a good fight. But they have not finished. There is more ahead. At most they will have but a short rest. It is unbelievable that the I. V A. officials, with theim hybrid backing, and their facing-both-ways promises, can accomplish anything worth while, in the face of a national depression that is dragging down even the Harding administration.

The League veterans will be called into the service again. The good wishes of every Leaguer go with them into their temporary retirement and these same good wishes will drag them forth again within a short time, to make them once more the standard bearers for the fight that must go on forever, so long as the wealthy and the powerful oppress and starve and rob the men and women who toil"

OUTGOING BODY COMPLETES DEAL FOR BOND SALE

(Continued from Page 1)

negotiating first Spitzer, Rorick deal $20,000, the commission being 1 1-2 per cent on $1,771,000 of bonds; Bank of North Dakota commisson, $1,706; Wood and Oakley, Chicago lawyers, examining bonds, $3,200.

The total amount paid out by the Industrial Commission in the bond sales is raised by these allowances to $130,999.94

Paddock Resigns

Governor Frazier Mr. Lemke and Mr. Hagan, of the Industrial Commission, held a final meeting this morning to clean up business.

Henry A. Paddock, secretary of the commission, had resigned late yesterday. Mr. Paddock said it was necessary for him to leave for Minneapolis tonight to hold a conference regarding future business. George T. Webb recently was named assistant and automatically becomes secretary of the commission.

The bond contract contains a preamble reciting the Industrial Commission's reasons as follows.

"Whereas said contract was entered into in good faith by both parties upon advice of counsel that it was legal and regular; and

"Whereas, the price therein specified was the highest and best price and the terms the most favorable which we have been able to secure after aggressive advertising and selling campaign carried on for several months preceding said sale; and

"Whereas, the need and demand of the farmers of the state for loans were very urgent and the Bank of North Dakota was in great need of funds to take care of its requirements and those of the state in carrying out the industrial program adopted by the citizens of the state;

"Whereas, you helped out the bank and the state by promptly taking up nearly $1,500,000 of real estate bonds, and

"Whereas, there has been a large advance in the market price of government, state and municipal bonds since said contract was made and you are willing to accept and pay the bank a higher price to secure said bonds and enable you to carry out your commitments and contracts with others, and as we are convinced that a repudiation of our contract with you and failure to carry out its terms in good faith, whether voluntarily or unvoluntarily, would be a calamity and cause great injury and loss to the future credit and prestige of the Bank of North Dakota and the State of North Dakota and to arrange an amicable compromise and adjustment of all matters between us, therefore * * * this contract is entered into

NEW GOVERNOR KINDLES PRIDE IN STATE, PLEDGES ECONOMY

(Continued from Page 1)

in the market value of our land as would be warranted by its great productivity and that therefore the present valuation of North Dakota land is extremely low and offers an exceedingly attractive field for investment."

Mr. Nestos said that the establishment of a rural credits system under the law which failed of passage at the recall election would have been beneficial to the state, and that "while the act providing for a system of rural credits was lost because of the many who failed to vote on these laws, and while the existing laws place a limit of ten million dollars upon the bonds that may be issued for this purpose, I feel nevertheless that an efficient and economical system of rural credits can be established and conducted under the present laws of our state."

Favors Co-operation.

Taking official notice of the difference of opinion among many people in the state as to the wisdom of state industries Mr. Nestos said that "an increasing number of our citizens believe that ultimately the solution of the many and difficult problems in connection with the marketing and milling of our grain will come through the voluntary co-operation of the people who raise the grain and in this view I personally concur," but added that much money had been spent on the Grand Forks project with the expectation that it would be completed and he promised to complete it.

Forget Bitterness, He Asks.

In closing he said:

"It is the hope and purpose of the incoming administration to forget as far as possible the differences and discords of past campaigns and to view the present situation in the state calmly and dispassionately and with but one thought and purpose in mind that of serving honestly the best interest of the citizenship of our state. I feel confident that the common bond of our obligations to the public and our desire for the welfare of the state will impel and inspire us all to unite in the single purpose of serving the people of our great commonwealth honestly and faithfully."

Here for the Show.

Among those here for the inauguration are: Edgar L. Richter, Fargo; Rep. Ray Johnson, Casselton; Matt Johnson, Bottineau, Rep. Nels Olsgard, Kindred, A O Nelson, Dunn Center, David Schwartz, Golden Valley; Rep C B Olson Medora, M L. McBride, Dickinson; Lewis F Crawford, Sentinel Butte, L L. Twichell, Fargo; J F Nelson, Glenn Ullin, Sen. W. R. Bond, Minot; W. F Cushing, Beach; Rep. M W Kelly, Napoleon, O. F Bryant, Napoleon, W D Austin, Fargo, P O Thorson, Grand Forks; J D Bacon, Grand Forks; A. K. Sagen, Northwood, D E. Shipley, Dickinson.

HOT ACTION

This guard is making a supreme effort to return the old soccer ball He is a member of the Brazilian team playing Argentine for the championship of South America

MANDAN NOTES

Mandan Talent To Sing At New Salem

The members of the Nut Quartette of Mandan will go to New Salem Saturday night where they will appear on the program at the Rex theater, November 26.

The Mandan members of the unique and popular organization are endeavoring to repay the courtesies of Eddie Stein, the fourth member by appearing for him in his home city.

In addition to the Nut Quartette, the program for Saturday night includes a stellar movie attraction, and a dance after the show.

Mandan people who attend are assured of an interesting and enjoyable evening.

Dr. and Mrs. A. O. Henderson have gone to Jamestown, where they will spend Thanksgiving at the home of their son and daughter-in-law, Dr. and Mrs. Claude Henderson.

Miss Eleanor Gress of Mandan, and Fred Manning of New York City will be united in marriage at St. Joseph Catholic church at 9 o'clock on Thanksgiving morning. They will leave that evening for New York City, where they will make their home.

T. G. Conroy returned yesterday from Galena, Ill., where he had taken the remains of Conductor Ed. Shay.

Mrs. W. E. Barnes of Preston, Minn., is visiting in Mandan a guest at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. F Means.

Miss Cecile Porter has gone to Sanish, N. D., where she will visit at the home of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. John Goodal for several weeks.

Baby Son Dies.

Bernard, the little one-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Scott, passed away at the home yesterday. Diphtheria was the cause of the death.

Genuine BAYER

ASPIRIN

WARNING! Say "Bayer" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians over 21 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Try—

BIG SIOUX Cheese Squares

Ask your grocer about Big Sioux Cookie-Cakes and Crackers.

TINY, crisp wafers baked with cream cheese! Tempting, appetizing, delicious. Same fine wheat and skilled baking that have made Big Sioux Biscuits famous for nearly twenty years. Buy them at your grocers.

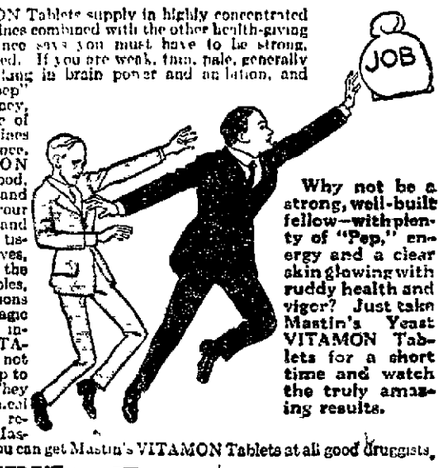
Manchester Biscuit Company
Sioux Falls, S. D. and Fargo, N. D.
Established 1902

Take Yeast Vitamon Tablets To Get Job-Winning "Pep"

Easy and Economical—Results Quick.

Thin, run-down folks who find that business is bad and employment is scarce should try taking two of Mastin's tiny yeast VITAMON Tablets with their meals for a short time and watch how their physical and financial conditions improve.

Mastin's VITAMON Tablets supply in highly concentrated form true yeast vitamines combined with the other health-giving vitamines which Science says you must have to be strong, well and fully developed. If you are weak, thin, pale, generally run-down, or feel lacking in brain power and ambition, and want that firm flesh "pep" which gets the money, you surely need some of these precious vitamines in your system at once. Mastin's VITAMON mixes with your food, helps it to digest and supplies just what your body needs to feed and nourish the shrunken tissues, the worn-out nerves, the thin blood and the starved brain. Pimples, boils and skin eruptions seem to vanish like magic under this healthful influence. Mastin's VITAMON Tablets will not cause gas and they help to correct constipation. They are easy and economical to take. Be sure to remember the name—Mastin's VI-TA-MON. You can get Mastin's VITAMON Tablets at all good druggists.



Why not be a strong, well-built fellow—with plenty of "Pep," energy and a clear skin glowing with ruddy health and vigor? Just take Mastin's Yeast VITAMON Tablets for a short time and watch the truly amazing results.

MASTIN'S VITAMON TABLETS
THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE YEAST VITAMINE TABLET

Are Positively Guaranteed to Put On Firm Flesh, Clear the Skin and Increase Energy When Taken With Every Meal or Money Back

If it isn't MASTIN'S it isn't VITAMON

Thanksgiving Day

Thursday, Nov. 24th

Better than the taste of the homemade pumpkin pie that tops off the Thanksgiving feast, is the satisfaction that comes with knowing that tomorrow is provided for as well as today—that there'll be "pumpkin pie" next year, too.

We wish you all a thankful Thanksgiving—this year and every year.

We Will Be Closed All Day—Legal Holiday

Bismarck Bank

Bismarck, N. Dak.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Social and Personal

To Be Married In Minneapolis On Thanksgiving Day

H. L. Reade, former State Fire Marshall, will be married in Minneapolis Thanksgiving day to Miss Mabel Garkey, of Havre, Mont.

They will be married by Rev. John Dietrich of the Unitarian church. The bridal couple will return to Bismarck immediately following the wedding and will reside at the groom's home, 412 Rosser street. Mr. Reade has been a resident of Bismarck for the past 38 years and is one of the pioneer settlers of this section of the country, and his wide circle of friends extend to him best wishes and hearty congratulations.

Plans For Sale Are Completed

Plans have been practically completed and all committees have been appointed for the opening day of the Christmas Seal Sale which begins Saturday, November 26, and continues until Christmas, Mrs. E. J. Schultz, City Chairman announced today. It is hoped that the sale this year will be large enough to insure the Bismarck schools of a city nurse by the first of the year. The committee urges all business houses and all offices to have a Christmas Seal on every letter or parcel mailed during the month of December.

MASONS ELECT OFFICERS AT REGULAR MEETING

At the regular meeting of the Masons held at the Masonic Temple the early part of the week, officers for the coming year were elected. The following are names of the officers and the offices elected to: L. W. Lumry, Worshipful Master; Oliver Lundquist, Senior Warden; F. J. Grady, Junior Warden; J. P. French was re-elected treasurer and A. J. Arnot was re-elected secretary.

NO SERVICES ON SUNDAY

St. Georges church gives up service to welcome Marshal Foch on Sunday. On account of the visit of Marshal Foch on Sunday morning the morning service at 11 o'clock at St. Georges church will not be held. The usual early celebration of Holy Communion will be held at 8 o'clock A. M. Thanksgiving services will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. A short address will be given. An offering will be taken. Everyone is welcome to attend this service.

MARRIED HERE

Arthur J. Koenig and Mabel P. Tracy of Braddock, were married at the Presbyterian Manse, Tuesday evening at 7:00 o'clock by the Rev. H. C. Postlethwaite, the ring ceremony being used. Mrs. Koenig has been teaching in the schools of Braddock and is a sister of Judge Don. L. Tracy of Emmons county. Mr. and Mrs. Koenig will make their home at Braddock.

PLANS ARE CHANGED

On account of No. 4 being late this evening the Bismarck Community Chorus which is to give a concert at Menoken this evening will not take the train there. Arrangements have been made for cars to take the Chorus there. Everyone is asked to be at the Business and Professional Women's club rooms between 7 and 7:30 o'clock and the cars will stair from there. Every member of the chorus is urged to be present this evening.

TO DICKINSON

Mrs. Sarah West Ankenmann and little Lorraine [illegible] today for Dickinson w[illegible] will spend Thanksgiving with her daughter Louise. They will also be guests of Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Vater of the Methodist church, who were at Outlook, Saskatchewan, Canada, when Mrs. Ankenmann was there in 1910.

FIREMEN GIVE DANCE

The Fireman's dance to be given at Patterson's hall tomorrow evening promises to draw one of the largest crowds that have attended a dance this season. This is the 35th annual dance given by the Firemen and it is expected will be even more popular than those preceding. Everyone is invited to attend.

TO FARGO

Ralph Parson left today for Fargo where he will join his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Parsons, who have been in Fargo attending the annual meeting of the North Dakota state teachers association. Mr and Mrs. Parsons and daughters, Mabel and Dorothy, and son, Ralph, will then leave for Page, N. D., where they will spend Thanksgiving, guests at the home of Mr. Parson's parents.

SODALITY GIVES DANCE

The Young Ladies Sodality of the St. Mary's church gave a card party and dance in the gymnasium of the new school last evening for the benefit of the school. An exceptionally large crowd attended and reported an enjoyable time. Refreshments were served during the evening.

GIVES EVENING PARTY

Miss Ruth Pollard entertained a number of friends at her home at Person Court last evening. The event was in the nature of a farewell party for Miss Florence Jager, who is leaving soon for Strasburg where she will make her home. A pleasant evening was spent socially. Refreshments were served during the evening.

SCHATLER-KIEHLBAUCH

Miss Mathilda Schatler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Schatler of Seventh street and Leonhard Kiehlbauch of Hilliard, Alberta, Canada, were united in marriage at the home of the bride yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. Rev. C. F. Strutz officiated. Mr. and Mrs. Kiehlbauch will leave for Canada where they will make their home.

ENTERTAINS FOR GUEST.

Mrs. William Engle of 513 Thirteenth street entertained at her home last evening in honor of her mother-in-law, Mrs. Margaret Engle of Tracy, Minn. who has been a guest at her home. The evening was spent playing Five Hundred. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess at the close of the evening.

CHANGE DATE OF BAZAAR

The Ladies' Aid of the First Baptist church have changed the date of their bazaar and food sale to December 10 on account of the date conflicting with another sale. The sale will be held at Hoskins instead of at the Gas office.

BUSINESS VISITORS

H. T. Meyer of Baldwin, H. B. Moffitt of Baldwin, W. F. Cushing of Leach, Joseph T. Fettig of Orrin, Forrest M. Davis of McCluskey and Alexander Klive of McCluskey were business visitors in Bismarck today. They also attended the inaugural ceremonies at the state capitol.

U. C. T. ENTERTAINS

The members of the U. C. T. and the Ladies Auxiliary will be entertained at the Elks Hall tomorrow evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Norton, who are leaving soon for their new home at Davenport, Iowa. The party will begin at 9 o'clock. All members of the U. C. T. and Auxiliary are invited to attend.

BUSINESS VISITORS

J. J. Kearin and J. G. Belanger of Minot are in the city making arrangements for a bus line to be run from Minot through Bismarck to Aberdeen, S. D. They plan to use the Oldsmobile car. W. G. Flatt of Fargo, agent for the car, is also in the city to complete the arrangements.

ATTEND INAUGURATION

Among those here from Minot to attend the inauguration are relatives and friends of Governor R. A. Nestos. They include: Dr. and Mrs. P. A. Nestos, Senator Walter Bond, John Keavin and Joseph Bolonger.

SPEND WEEK END HERE

Miss Rae Leverich of Jamestown, and W. R. Perry of Minneapolis will arrive in Bismarck tonight and will spend the week end here, guests at the John Graham home.

RETURNS TO BISMARCK

J. W. Riley, who went to Fargo the latter part of the week to attend the North Dakota State Teachers' Association returned to Bismarck today.

RETURNS FROM MEETING

Miss Carrie Haugen, secretary of the Tuberculosis Association, returned yesterday from Fargo where she was in attendance at the state conference of social workers which convened last Saturday. Miss Haugen also remained for the opening sessions of the state teachers meeting.

RETURNS HOME

Mrs. Etta Junge who came to Bismarck to attend the Lady Maccabee rally here and who has been visiting friends here since, returned to her home at Linton today.

VISITING SON

Mrs. J. G. Taylor of Wilton, a pioneer resident of Burleigh county is visiting in the city, a guest at the home of her son, Theodore Taylor.

SPEND THANKSGIVING AWAY

Mr. and Mrs. George Bell and little son leave today for Ft. Clark where they will spend Thanksgiving at the home of Mr Bell's parents.

RETURNS FROM TRIP

Dr. F. R. Smyth returned last night from Regan where he has been on a county welfare case.

VISITING HERE

F. J. Wilmovsky of Ruso, N. D., is visiting in the city for several days.

VISITING FRIENDS

Mrs. Francis Marvel of Menoken is visiting friends in Bismarck today.

ON HUNTING TRIP

L. L. Van Hook and J. A. Hyland left today for Hensler on a hunting trip.

HERE ON BUSINESS

Lynn R. Challoner of Jamestown, traveling freight agent for the Northern Pacific is in the city on a business trip.

TO ST. PAUL

Miss Edna Sundquist left this morning for St. Paul where she will spend Thanksgiving vacation with friends and relatives.

BURNSTAD VISITORS

Mrs. Thomas Mulligan and daughter of Burnstad were visiting friends in Bismarck today.

SHOPPING HERE

Mrs. C. T. Thompson of Wilton was shopping in Bismarck yesterday.

TO CHICAGO

Dr. W. F. Crewe left yesterday for Chicago on a business trip.

BRIGHTEN CARPETS.

After the dust has been beaten out of the carpets, then scatter on the carpet equal proportions of corn meal and salt.

MOP STICK.

Cut the old mop stick off at a convenient place, bind a number of old black stockings on and use it to clean your stove.

Carnival Dance at Baker's Hall Thanksgiving night. 10c a dance. Best music in state. Everybody guaranteed a good time.

THE FIRST THANKSGIVING DAY

(Florence Borner)

A long time ago, from a land far away,
Our forefathers landed on Thanksgiving Day;
One year had gone by since the brave Pilgrims came,
Their orchards were loaded, their barns filled with grain;
They set one day apart to give thanks to their Lord,
Who had given to them of the best earth affords,
And, still do we keep their Thanksgiving Days,
At the close of each year happy voices we raise,
In thanks to our God for a bountiful yield,
Of earth's richest gifts from the orchard and field

Three hundred years ago the Pilgrim Fathers celebrated their first Thanksgiving Day. For one year they had lived in their new home; for one year God had preserved their lives against the many perils that beset them on all hands, and they were not unmindful of his watchfulness and care.

What a lesson to us is this spirit of thanksgiving that was displayed by our brave forbears; what a difference was this spirit to the one being displayed to day by so many of us. We complain at hardship—we who do not know what the word means; we lament and complain of hard times when we have no real conception of the term.

To many of us the word "hardship" means the relinquishment of some favored project, or the giving up of some small luxury.

Think what living conditions meant in the days of our Pilgrim ancestors! There were no tradesmen calling at their doors with provisions, and all such necessities; there were no railways, or other means of transportation; there were no daily papers, shows, or other conveniences such as we take for granted.

Before the Pilgrim Fathers could eat they had to raise the products; before they could exist at all they had to hew down the forest giants to make their homes. Everything had to be done by hand—there were no factories in those days.

And, think of their neighbors, untutored savages who at any minute might determine to pounce upon and destroy them.

But, God, in his infinite wisdom chose to protect the first settlers in this land; He caused their crops to flourish and caused their savage neighbors to help and aid them. In the annals of our history are the names of many noble redmen who oftentimes risked their very lives to save their white friends.

Let us hope that their love and trust went not unrewarded; let us hope that the race to which we belong appreciated these sacrifices.

Three hundred years means a long span of time to man whose days on earth are given as three score and ten. But they mean little in the growth of a nation. Our country is still young—and yet, think what we have accomplished; how far we have traveled since that first Thanksgiving Day.

Will the next three hundred years see as many wonderful changes as have the past three centuries? None of us can hope to live one-half that long, but future generations may look back at our mode of living and consider it on but little higher plane than we even now do past civilizations.

But, let all remember this: No country can get so powerful and mighty that it can do without God. We need Him, and ever shall even as did our Pilgrim Fathers.

COOKING FOR TWO

Sister Mary's Kitchen

The woman who has cooked for many persons finds as much difficulty in preparing the right amount for only two as the inexperienced housekeeper. After mixing batter for six or even four it's amazing how little it takes to make enough and no more for two

Perhaps these rules will help you to gauge proportions.

White Muffins.

Two tablespoons butter, 1 tablespoon sugar, 1 egg, 1-2 cup milk, 1 1-2 cups flour, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1-4 teaspoon salt.

Cream butter and sugar Add egg well beaten. Mix and sift dry ingredients and add alternately with milk to first mixture. Beat well and pour into buttered and floured gem pans Bake 25 minutes in a hot oven.

Graham Gems.

One cup graham flour, 1-2 cup white flour, 1 dessertspoon sugar, 1 dessertspoon butter, 3 teaspoons baking powder, 1-4 teaspon salt, 1 cup milk.

Mix and sift white flour, sugar, baking powder and salt. Mix with graham flour. Add gradually the milk and butter (melted). Beat well and pour into hot buttered gem pans. Bake in a hot oven 25 minutes.

Popovers for Two.

One-half cup flour, 1-4 teaspoon salt, 1-2 cup water, 1 teaspoon butter, 1 egg.

Small iron muffin rings are best for popovers, although earthern custard cups may be used. Heat muffin rings very hot and butter well. Put all the ingredients into a mixing bowl and beat with a strong dover beater until very smooth and full of bubbles. Turn into rings which must be hissing hot and make half an hour in a hot oven. Serve at once.

Griddle Cakes for Two.

One cup sour milk, 1-2 teaspoon soda, 1 egg, 1-2 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoons corn meal, flour, 1 teaspoon baking powder.

Put sour milk into mixing bowl. Add salt and corn meal and sift in 1-2 cup flour. Mix well and add more flour slowly until the batter is about as thick as heavy cream and very smooth. Add the baking powder with the last flour put into the batter. Bake on a hot, well greased griddle.

(Copyright, 1921, NEA Service.)

Scout Notes

The supper given to earn money with which to build a Scout cabin netted about $30. An excellent meal was served, a good many stating it was the best they had ever gotten for the money.

The troop wish to thank all who helped and patronized them. Building of the cabin will start as soon as the cold weather lets up a little. Anyone who has any old lumber or building material they would like to dispose of, kindly call Phone 762.

It is planned to have bunks and a stove (fireplace later) so we can take our over night hikes through the winter.

The Scout Orchestra under the direction of Mr. Gale will give a concert at a near date that will be worth attending.

The Troop newspaper is a dandy. It has its official representatives in both Minneapolis and St. Paul now.

A farewell party is being planned for Vernon and Willis Frazier to take place this week. They have been good scouts and we are all sorry to see them leave.

Gordon Finwall was voted in last Friday after a very exciting election.

After Scout meeting all joined in a genuine old-fashioned rough and tumble Lots of fun and a little surplus energy worked off

CANNED GOODS.

Canned provisions should be removed from the can immediately after the can is opened, for the air, reaching them while in the metal container, renders them unwholesome.

Why Not Extend the Joy of Your Thanksgiving Festival to Young Far-away Friends?

Send Them Flowers

No matter where located—we can make delivery of flowers or plants in any city in the United States or Canada—within an hour or two of your ordering if necessary.

Our Stock of Fine Cut Flowers and Blooming Plants is at Your Service.

OSCAR H. WILL & CO.

PIONEER GREENHOUSES

Phone 784W. 324 4th St.

Open Until Noon on Thanksgiving Day.

Thanksgiving Dinner 1921

McKENZIE HOTEL,

Bismarck, N. D.

CAVIAR CANAPE

BLUE POINTS COCKTAIL

Sliced Tomatoes Celery

CREAM TOMATO BOUILLON

Salted Almonds Ripe Olives

RED SNAPPER, SHRIMP SAUCE

Sliced Cucumbers Potatoes Duchess

ROAST YOUNG TURKEY, CHESTNUT DRESSING

Cranberry Sauce

OPOSSUM, SOUTHERN STYLE

Candied Sweet Potatoes Fried Egg Plant

ROAST BLACK CUB BEAR MEAT, WILD RICE

ROAST SUCKLING PIG, APPLE SAUCE

Mashed Potatoes Corn on Cob

BONE DRY PUNCH

Romaine Persimmon Salad, French Dressing

Head Lettuce, Thousand Island Dressing

English Plum Pudding, Hard Sauce

Hot Mince Pie Pumpkin Pie

Baked Alaska Assorted Cake

Cheese Wafers

Sweet Cider Coffee

DINNER SERVED FROM 1 P. M. TO 8 P. M.

DINNER $1.00 PER COVER

McKENZIE ORCHESTRA

Sweet Shop

Special Thanksgiving Day DINNER

From 11 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Cream of Tomato Soup

Mixed Olives

Lobster a la Newburg.....60c

Roast Turkey, Cranberry Sauce.....30c

Young Chicken with Dressing.....55c

Fricasseed Chicken, Steamed Dumplings.....50c

Leg of Pork with Apple Sauce.....50c

Mashed Potatoes, Sweet Corn in Cream

English Plum Pudding with Hard Sauce

The Chocolate Shop Announces the Opening of a Floral Department, November Twenty-Third, Featuring Cut Flowers and Floral Designs of

"Quality Flowers"

"Quality Flowers" will be recognized as the Products of the O. H. Will Greenhouses of this city.

In opening this department every facility has been secured that will assist in giving unexcelled Floral Service to all in this section of the state.

"Say It With Flowers."

The Chocolate Shop

FLORISTS CONFECTIONERS

Phone 714

Let Flowers Complete the Thanksgiving Table

If you are to entertain this Thanksgiving let flowers, especially Chrysanthemums, radiate that cheer and brilliancy which always completes a finished setting.

If you are a guest a gift of flowers will please your hostess and allow you to express your hearty appreciation.

Chrysanthemums, $3.00 to $8.00 a dozen.

Pom Poms, $1.50 a bunch

Roses, $3.00 to $6.00 a dozen.

Hoskins, Inc.

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION

Governor R. A. Nestos is taking a broad view toward the clean up job that confronts him. His is not an easy task and in every worthy effort to uphold the integrity of the state, he should be given the earnest cooperation of everyone who is big enough to place the good of the state above selfish desire.

Bismarck welcomes the new officials, the first to be seated as the result of a state wide recall election. They will find in the various official and semi-official organizations of this city that spirit of cooperative effort to promote the best interests of the state without thought of sectionalism, but only holding in mind the greatest good to the greatest number.

Mr. Nestos and his colleagues, Attorney General Johnson and Joseph A. Kitchen, commissioner of agriculture and labor, are going to be too busy for the consideration of theoretical programs or political fence building. Their first and most pressing job is to get at the facts of the state's finances and the extent to which the credit of the state is pledged.

The first weeks will be busy ones and the notice to job hunters to keep away is timely for the work of pruning expenditures rather than increasing the budget to take care of political henchmen is the main consideration.

On behalf of the Capital City, The Tribune extends a hearty welcome to the new state officials and sincerely hopes that they can do much to restore normalcy and restrict state government to its proper functions and to provide the gradual if not the complete abandonment of industrial programs and other socialistic ventures.

SHOULD BE PROTECTED

One mess that must be cleaned up as speedily as possible is the Homebuilding Association. Many innocent purchasers of state built homes invested their money upon the assumption that the figures of cost given by the agents of the state were trustworthy.

They should be protected. No one expects the state to repudiate its contracts even though the agreements were not in writing. The intent of the law is plain and with a few exceptions, the people who embarked on the scheme believed their homes would be within the cost limit as fixed by the officials of the homebuilding association.

If there are legal barriers to the state assuming the difference in costs, and the home owners are in danger of losing their equity their original investment should be refunded and the state should take over the homes to salvage them for the protection of the taxpayers. That there are going to be losses is evident. Mr. Nestos and his legal advisers probably will work out a feasible plan that will mean justice to all.

The state, however, must make good on its promises and where performance of the unwise promises of the recent administration is impossible there is nothing else to do but refund the property owners money and take over the homes.

Equities acquired in these homes upon the assumption that the state was going to complete them within the limits set by the state should be protected. The state can hardly afford to do less than a reputable corporation would in the same exigency.

THANKSGIVING DAY

The first American Thanksgiving Day was celebrated 300 years ago. If you think that you haven't much to be thankful for, this year, turn back the clock to that first Thanksgiving.

The Pilgrims landed on Plymouth Rock Dec. 20, 1620. It had taken them 63 days to cross the Atlantic. Their first winter was a terror of bitter cold, disease and starvation. The woods were full of game, but they were not skilled at hunting. They had no fish hooks small enough for shore angling. Clams were their chief food.

There were 102 Pilgrims in that original settlement. Death claimed half of them during the first winter.

In the spring, an Indian named Sqaunto taught them how to plant and cultivate corn. Autumn brought the first harvest. The pioneers celebrated with the first Thanksgiving Day.

Though the Pilgrims underwent frightful hardships, such as crop failures, and usually had little to be thankful for, they continued Thanksgiving Day as a permanent yearly custom.

Compare our lot with the Pilgrim! We have a thousand times as much to be thankful for. The war is over. A sane attempt to prevent another war is being made by the Washington conference. Cost of living is coming down. Business depression is passing.

There have been fatter years, in the past, than 1921. But, in view of what has preceded, and the prospects for the future, it is doubtful if the American people ever had as much cause to be thankful as they have this Thanksgiving Day.

UNEXPECTED

Menotti Nanni, Chicago inventor, devised a "waterproof" safe. To show his supreme confidence in his handiwork, he allowed himself to be locked in the safe and lowered to the bottom of the harbor at Baltimore.

When they pulled him up, two feet of water in the safe and Menotti had had a good square look at the Great Divide.

The platitude writers, it seems, are not always right. Self-confidence is powerful, but it has limitations. The elephant has great confidence in himself, but he always tests a bridge with his fore-foot before stepping on it.

FOOLED

A London newspaper, the Opinion, prints a cartoon with the caption, "Who won the war?" The cartoon shows three men:

John Bull, labeled. "The man who thinks he did."

Uncle Sam, labeled, "The man who guesses he did."

A German, labeled, "The man who knows he did." The point in the cartoon is a fat satchel of orders, held by the German.

Such is the common notion, and a false one. It is true that Germany is getting a lot of orders. But that doesn't make her win the war. The profits from those orders go to pay indemnity.

WINNING

Two gamblers, described by Alfred Henry Lewis in his Wolfville stories, set up a gambling house, using overcoat buttons for chips. They were winning steadily when they noticed that the room was packed with people with huge supplies of the buttons, bought at a local store. The gamblers had to cash in, face value for each button presented.

"Well, we were winning, anyway," said one gambler.

"Yes," said his partner. "We were winning at such a rate that, if we'd kept on winning, we'd have lost $200,000."

That's how Germany "won the war." She corners foreign trade—and pays the profits as indemnity.

DISCOVERY

Did Columbus discover America? No, an Irishman arrived ahead of him. Gentlemen with green neckties make that claim at the "America's Making" exposition in New York.

They are convinced that America was discovered first by St. Brendon, the marine-monk, born in County Kerry in the year 484.

Norwegians and Icelanders claim the same honor for Leif Ericsson. So do the Welsh. Even the Chinese join in, saying that their explorers visited Lower California 52 years before St. Brendon was born.

Maybe they're right, all of them. Go further back. Indians really discovered America. Before that, mound builders. Prior to that, reptiles crawling out of the sea, ancestors of all life, according to science.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

CONDEMNING THE FRAUD

Chairman Fordney based his American valuation monstrosity in the tariff bill upon an intent to overcome the advantage foreign manufacturers had over American manufacturers as the result of the slump in European exchange. Probably it never occurred to him that means should be taken to restore the exchange equilibrium, and that the most certain means were to facilitate commerce and trade between the United States and Europe. It is a reasonable conclusion that protectionists of the Fordney stamp prefer to perpetuate a condition of which they can take advantage through a tariff absolutely prohibitive. And if this is true they certainly have figured out the way.

The New York University Bureau of Business Research has completed an inquiry for expert opinion on the operation of the valuation system conducted chiefly among professors of economics. The view from this angle is interesting, as already we have had an expression of profound condemnation from the class of business concerned with foreign trading. The expert economic opinion is almost unanimous that the system would decrease exports, decrease revenues, increase depression and unemployment, add to the living cost and in general affect adversely every phase of trade and industry in the United States.

This, if entirely true, would not daunt Mr. Fordney and his high protection clique. Suppose it did shut out imports—would not that give the special privilege group the monopoly of production that after all is what they are after? But it is an unsolved mystery how Mr. Fordney can whip his party in the House and Senate in line on such a palpable fraud.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

GIVE HIM THE AX, SAM!

OUT OF LUCK

(Florence Borner.)

Said Mr. Turkey Gobbler
To his loving little wife:
"Tomorrow is Thanksgiving Day,
I'm fearing for my life;
I saw the farmers sharpening
His ax out in the shed,
So I am sort o' worrying,
For fear I'll lose my head.

"I'll tell you what I'm going to do,
For I have just decided,
There's times in life when every one
By instinct should be guided;
And tho I don't believe in fate,
And am not superstitious,
There's many a longing eye now cast
On turkey dinner vistas.

"So I will quickly pack my grip,
And go off for awhile,
Since just about this time of year,
A turkey's right in style;
Old Colonel Jones lives down the road,
About a mile, or so,
He's known as everybody's friend,
So there's the place to go."

So Mr. Turkey started out,
To visit this good friend,
Expecting if things went all right,
A day, or two he'd spend;
And when Thanksgiving Day was past,
He'd come back home again,
And thus he thot he would defeat
The wily ways of men.

Next morning when the Colonel woke,
He saw with great surprise,
A sitting on his backyard fence,
A bird of monstrous size;
He quickly roused his sleeping wife,
And said: "As I'm a sinner,
A good, kind Providence has sent
A turkey for our dinner!"

PEOPLES' FORUM

TAKES EXCEPTION.

Nov 22, 1921.

Editor Tribune:

In our issue of the 21st we find a long article with a heading in large type "20,000,000 in U. S. unable to read or write, says Hanna, president of N. D. Teachers' Ass'n." The article says expressly that in our country there are "20,000,000 unable to read a word or write a letter."

Years ago we heard in papers and speeches the praises of our public school, often in the most glorious terms. For a number of years the U. S. government has not permitted any foreigner to land in this country unless he is able to read and write. If there is actually such a large number of people unable to read and write it must consist mostly of native Americans. But I say, frankly, I do not believe that the conditions are as black as they are described. It is only since an organization has been started to centralize the whole educational system of the country by creating the office of Secretary of Education in Washington, D. C., with a large number of other officials and thus to curtail the rights of the individual states, that we hear so much about the sad condition of our educational system. I am sure, as soon as the proposed bills have been accepted by the U. S. Congress, we will again hear the statement that we are the most highly educated nation on God's earth. It would be much better to abstain even now from such wild statements as the above.

Respectfully yours,
VINCENT WEHRLE,
Bishop of Bismarck.

FREEZONE
Corns Lift Off with Fingers

Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. It doesn't hurt a bit.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, and the callouses, without a particle of pain. Adv

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts

The Land of Underneath, where Pim Pim reigned, and where Nancy and Nick were starting forth on new adventures, was a most remarkable place. True, it was under the earth, with the entrance by the dog-wood tree (where human eyes could not see it—unless, like the Twins, they wore enchanted Shoes), but that was no reason why it should be ugly or unattractive. To judge the Land of Underneath by the ground we dig down in to plant potatoes, would be like judging a beautiful palace by the ugly, gray slates on the roof. One couldn't see the sky after entering, but then with glow-worms and fire flies and phosphor-esc-ent beetles to throw lights on the shining walls and ceilings, which in turn caught the gleams and flashed them back like a thousand candles, it was as bright as day in most places. And as the ceilings were hung with crystals of every shape and size and different colors, it all looked like Fairyland, as indeed it was, or part of it.

The Twins were amazed at such beauty. "Why, Kip didn't bring us here," said Nancy, "when we came to visit the Brownies before."

"That's just like Kip," said a wheezy voice, and a little figure puffed into view, a very short fat little figure with knobby legs, and a hat with a broad brim, the crown of which pointed up like a church-steeple. But the hat was not so big that it hid his eyes. This queer little person had the very kindest eyes, and merry.

It was Pim Pim himself.

"I'm ever so glad to see you, my dear Twins," he said, shaking hands heartily all the way 'round, and tipping his big hat. "I was sure that my old friend the Mushroom here would help me out of my trouble. I hear you are fine workers."

(To Be Continued)
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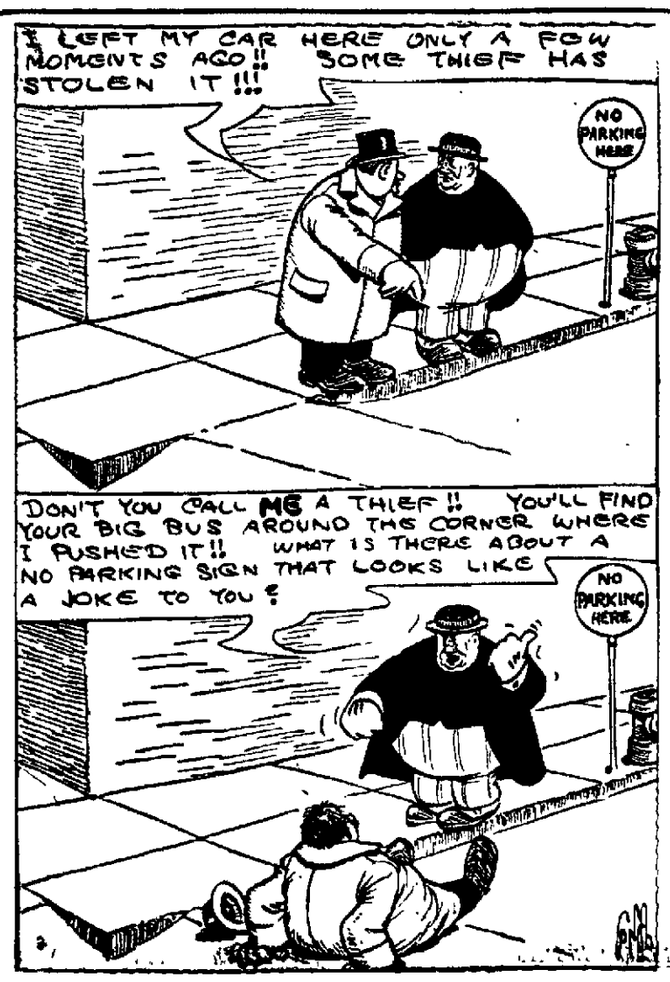
TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO



SAINT PAUL MAN SAYS HE KNOWS WHAT IT WILL DO

C. I. Fitzsimmons Relates Facts Of Interesting Personal Experience

"I know what Tanlac will do for I have tried it. It gave me relief when everything else I had tried failed," said C. I. Fitzsimons, 546 Ohio St., St. Paul, Minn.

"For two years everything I ate soured and bloated me up terribly, kept me in misery for hours after every meal. My back hurt me so bad I could hardly stand it and it was agony for me to bend over and straighten up again.

"Tanlac has made a new man of me and I eat, sleep, and feel better than in years. I'm just in fine shape and Tanlac deserves the credit."

Be well and strong. Be full of life and energy. Tanlac will do this for you.

"Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere."

SMILE A WHILE With TOM SIMS

Exactly as was predicted by this paper several weeks ago. Thanksgiving day has arrived.

Also, as predicted, it falls on a holiday.

Of course, the odds favored us in this because nearly all great celebrations fall on holidays.

But then, if it had been one day sooner, or one day later, we would have missed both guesses.

Thanksgiving day, contrary to belief, was not originated by turkey growers and dealers.

Even the cranberry men were absent.

It started 300 years ago when the Pilgrims thought of how much obliged they were for living.

They gave thanks because they landed before we did. We give thanks because we landed after they had gone.

Their celebration was held on wild turkeys while the only thing wild about our turkeys is the price.

Wild turkey prices are harder to tame than wild turkeys were.

In fact, some of us must do without turkey. These can be thankful that there will be no hash Friday.

They can laugh while the others are talking turkey.

The Pilgrims, of whom we spoke, invited only the Redmen. We invite Oddfellows and everybody.

But they spelled it "thankful" while some of us spell it "tankful."

They practiced the "giving" while we mostly notice the "thanks."

For those who think they have nothing to be thankful for we give several reasons free.

Be thankful that you are not prosperity who has been sitting around the corner for nine months.

Be thankful you are not the missing link. Just think of what he is missing.

Be thankful you are not Tom Edison who doesn't sleep much.

Be thankful you don't have to have your picture made 365 days a year like Harding.

Really, all of us can be thankful except the turkey gobbler.

Eat, blink and be weary, for Friday we may be in bed.

OLD AGE, HIS MARK!

Oliver Wendell Holmes, in the charming discourses of "The Professor at the Breakfast Table" refers to an unmistakable sign of old age. It is three parallel lines between the brows. We can detect the first traces of disease by signs just as plain.

When a woman suffers from backache, nervous depression, dragging-down pains, and those ailments peculiar to women, it is plain that she needs a woman's medicine. What other medicine could she more wisely resort to than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which for half a century has proved the natural restorative for these troubles?

TRAPPERS LICENSES OUT.

George Hogue, secretary of the game and fish commission, announced today that trappers licenses were in the hands of the county auditors.

TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS

Rub on Sore Throat

Musterole relieves sore throat quickly. Made with oil of mustard, it is a clean white ointment that will not burn or blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

Just spread it on with your fingers. Gently but surely it penetrates to the sore spot and draws out the pain. Get Musterole at your drug store today. 35 & 65c in jars & tubes; hospital size, $3.

BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE

GOVERNMENT needs railway mail clerks. Salary, $135 to $192 month Traveling expenses paid. Examination announced soon. Write for free specimen questions. Columbus Institute, Columbus, Ohio. 11-23-1t

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Phone 364-J. Mrs. Herman Ode. 11-21-3t

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS

FOR SALE—Large modern house of eleven rooms and bath; hot water heat, hardwood floors. Best in the city; $1,900 cash, balance easy terms. J. H. Holihan. Phone 745. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—A fine 6-room modern house, either furnished or unfurnished. Phone 612, or call 44 Main St. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—Three room apartment partly furnished or unfurnished. Phone 183. Bismarck Business College. 11-22-1w

APARTMENT TO LET—Furniture for sale. Call Flat M, Rose apartment. 11-23-1w

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Room in modern house, four blocks from postoffice, third house east of swimming pool on Main St. Will rent for $10 a month. Phone 737-J. 11-23-1w

FOR RENT—Large front room, three blocks from postoffice, with bath and toilet and cold water; for gentlemen. Phone 667-J, or write Tribune 310. 11-22-1w

FOR RENT—One room with kitchenette. Also one small bedroom. Hazelhurst, 411 5th St., Phone 273. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—One close in modern room, gentleman preferred. Call 811 Rosser St. Phone 432-M 11-22-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, 213 10th St. N. Phone 655-J. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished room in modern house 607 6th Street. Phone 782. 11-21 7t

FOR RENT—Modern light housekeeping rooms. 722 5th St. Phone 485-R. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with board. 517 7th St. Phone 586. 11-23-3t

FOR RENT—Large modern room, suitable for two, 522 2nd St. 11-23-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board, at 409 5th St. 11-23-5t

FOR RENT—Room for two, with board, at 408 5th St. 11-22-5t

LOST

LOST—Pocket book containing $36.00 in currency, also check, amount $15.5. Finder return to Bismarck Hide and Fur Co. for reward. 11-22-3t

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED TO BUY—Have party desiring to buy 8 or 10 room house, including about 5 bed rooms, close to school. What have you to offer. Geo. M. Register. 11-21-1w

MISCELLANEOUS

GARRISON SECOND HAND STORE We buy and sell all kinds of house and office furniture. We pay the highest cash price and guarantee what we sell to be as represented or no sale, you to be the judge. We repair and rebuild furniture at the right price. Our prices and terms are fair to all. When you want to buy or sell second hand house or office furniture. SEE US. 107 Main St., or phone 398, A. M. Garrison, Owner. 11-14-1m

FOR SALE—Or trade for Bismarck residence property. General hardware store. With small stock of furniture and farm implements Only hardware in town. Best farming land in state. Address F. C. Wessner, Hamberg, N. Dak. 11-16-2w

EPILEPTICS—Would you care to learn about new rational treatment for immediate relief of Epilepsy, positively stopping seizures from first day's use. Information free. "Specialist," Drawer "C," 592 Lander, Wyoming. 11-23-1t

Call 780, Ruder's Furniture Exchange, 118 6th St. We buy, sell and exchange used home and office furniture; highest prices paid. 11-22-1w

FOR SALE—House-hold furniture, as good as new, cheap. Also child's furniture, toys and books. Phone 224 L. W. Rose Aprt. 11-21-1w

FOR RENT—Two light housekeeping rooms, furnished or partly furnished in modern house, close to capital. Call 902 6th street. 11-21 3t

Wanted—To buy a lot 75 foot or 100 foot frontage, for cash. One 6th St. or West and Ave. A or North. Write Tribune, 311. 11-22-1w

FOR SALE—Several pair bob sleighs, all in good condition. Wachter Transfer Co., Phone 62. 11-19-10t

FOR SALE—Garage equipment nearly new at a bargain. Box 308, Bismarck, N. D. 11-21-3t

FOR RENT—Garage for winter months, $4.00 per month. Telephone 442-J. 11-21-3t

CAR STORAGE—For winter months; very reasonable. Call 593-R. 11-22-3t

FOR SALE—Bob sled. Call Wm. Ode. 11-23-2t

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Thanksgiving — BY ALLMAN

BOWSER WINS AGAIN

And Again He Lowers Mrs. Bowser's Colors.

By M. QUAD.

(©, 1921, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"Mrs. Bowser," began Mr. Bowser the other evening, "this afternoon I have known, for the first time in my life, what gigantic enjoyment and stupendous pleasure meant."

"That is," she replied, after a long look at him, "you have been looking over the dictionary and remembering all the hard words you could."

"My dear, I am talking just as I always talk, and don't you get up any riot about it. I have, this afternoon, been taking a ride on a motorboat."

"So you have got around to that, have you?"

"I have, madam. A friend of mine who owns a motorboat invited me to go with him on a trip, and he permitted me to have the whole management of the boat."

"And it didn't dive to the bottom, or try to jump over the sun?" queried Mrs. Bowser with a smile.

"It went along just as easy as a rocking chair, and nothing whatever happened. It took me less than two minutes to get the hang of the thing, and my friend said he never saw a boat better managed. Tomorrow I am to go fishing in her with a couple of friends and I shall have unalloyed pleasure and unexampled recreation."

"I don't see why you go fishing, Mr. Bowser. You never caught a fish in your life, and you always get almost drowned."

"I have caught barrels and barrels of fish!" roared Mr. Bowser, "and I never even fell into the water. I shall go tomorrow, and I will bring back such a string of fish as will make your eyes bulge out! Besides the fishing, there will be the amusement of running the boat. All in all, I will pass such a day as has not come to me for years."

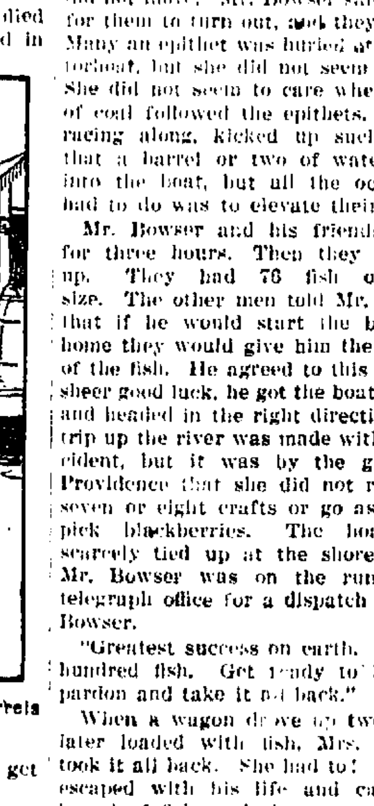
"Very well, Mr. Bowser. I will go down to the store the first thing in the morning and order my mourning. I will also stop and consult with the undertaker."

Mr. Bowser, instead of getting angry, smiled in pity and announced that it was useless to argue the matter. It was, consequently, dropped, but the cook was ordered to have breakfast half an hour earlier than usual.

Next morning Mr. Bowser set out with two friends in search of the unalloyed. That is, they did not set out at once. They took their seats in the boat and it was ordered to go ahead. It did not go. It remained at the wharf like a schoolboy sulking.

"What in thunder ails your old boat?" chorused the friends.

"Nothing 'tall, gentlemen," replied Mr. Bowser, who was not worried in



"I Have Caught Barrels and Barrels of Fish."

the least. "She's only waiting to get a good start."

By and by the boat got one. She went right away at twenty miles an hour and just missed a craft coming up the river by a foot or two.

"Say, old man, if you are going to run the boat this way we want to get right out!" exclaimed the friends.

"Calm yourselves, gentlemen—calm yourselves. I just wanted to scare that vessel a little. You see, I have the boat under perfect control, and there is not any more danger than there would be in walking up Fifth avenue. You can get your fish lines ready."

The boat went along for a quarter of a mile as steady as an old horse, and she whirled half around and made for the other shore. The friends yelled at Mr. Bowser and got ready to leap overboard, but after half a minute Mr. Bowser regained his control and said:

"Easy, gentlemen, my hand slipped a little, but it will not occur again. If there was any danger I would not have invited you. I will now throw over my shark line hook and we may capture a monster."

The hook and line were thrown overboard and dragged behind the boat which was on its good behavior. Of a sudden there was a jerk and a stoppage, and Mr. Bowser cu[rtly] said:

"Gentlemen, we have got a shark at least fifteen feet long and our day's pleasure has begun. You two men haul in the monster, and I will see to the boat."

The men hauled but they could make no progress. The boat was stay-

ing to go ahead, but she could not move. After repeated efforts one of the men said:

"Say, old man, do you know what your shark is? It's a wreck or a log, and the hook has got a fast hold of it. You will have to cut the rope."

The rope was cut and the boat proceeded on its way. Nothing occurred in the next half hour, except getting on shore twice and on sand banks three times. There was a schooner loaded with bricks coming up the river, and Mr. Bowser ran his boat very close to her to ask the price of bricks. The captain threw one of the missiles at him and called him the biggest fool on the river. Then a catboat, which was sailing peacefully along, and fearing neither man nor beast, got a bump from the motorboat, and the owner of the cat said he would meet Mr. Bowser some day and punch the head off him. Mr. Bowser made no reply. His unalloyed was too great to be interfered with by a scrap. He was sworn at and abused by his guests, but he was untroubled.

The boat finally reached what Mr. Bowser believed was good fishing

"One of the Men Fell Overboard."

grounds, and was stopped and the anchor thrown overboard.

"Gentlemen, if it pleases you," observed Mr. Bowser, "we will do some gigantic fishing here."

It didn't please them. They wanted to swim ashore or have the coastguard take them ashore, but when Mr. Bowser had caught his first fish they also cast in their lines. It simply was good fishing. The fish were running strong, and they were to be caught at the rate of three a minute. In hauling in a big one, one of the men fell overboard, but he was rescued, and the "unalloid" went on. Mr. Bowser's boat was anchored in the middle of the channel, and during the three hours there five or six steamships passed up and down. They whistled for the motorboat to get out of the way, but she did not move. Mr. Bowser said it was for them to turn out, and they had to. Many an epithet was hurled at the motorboat, but she did not seem to care. She did not seem to care when lumps of coal followed the epithets. A tug, racing along, kicked up such a sea that a barrel or two of water came into the boat, but all the occupants had to do was to elevate their feet.

Mr. Bowser and his friends fished for three hours. Then they counted up. They had 76 fish of good size. The other men told Mr. Bowser that if he would start the boat for home they would give him their share of the fish. He agreed to this and, by sheer good luck, he got the boat started and headed in the right direction. The trip up the river was made without accident, but it was by the grace of Providence that she did not run into seven or eight crafts or go ashore to pick blackberries. The boat was scarcely tied up at the shore before Mr. Bowser was on the run for a telegraph office for a dispatch to Mrs. Bowser.

"Greatest success on earth. Most a hundred fish. Get ready to beg my pardon and take it all back."

When a wagon drove up two hours later loaded with fish, Mrs. Bowser took it all back. She had to! He had escaped with his life and caught a barrel of fish, and she went creeping about like a child that has been punished.

Trees in the Parlor.

In Maine the latest thing is to have trees in the parlor. Frank Anderson of Patten finds three young birches a great decoration for his bungalow on the shores of Shinn Pond. To be exact he has the pleasure of gazing mainly upon their silver trunks, for the greater part of the fronds stand high above the roof, finding the way to sun and rain through convenient holes. To allow them to sway with the passing breeze, as all birches like to do, he has made the holes very large, but to protect the heads of his guests and his family he has cleverly tacked a waterproof cloth to the roof and to the trunk and plastered the edges together with cement so that the joints are watertight. Now he can sit in his armchair tilted back to nature under his own roof tree.

No Job for an Amateur.

"Can't you make love like some of the screen heroes?"

"What do you mean?"

"Kiss me without disturbing my rouge, embrace me without disarranging my hair and draw my head to your shoulder without leaving powder all over your coat."—Film Fun.

Country Imports Much Sugar.

The United States produces about 2,000,000,000 pounds of sugar a year, [illegible] nearly four times this [illegible].

Stones Swallowed by Elephants.

The [illegible] stones appears to be more or less common among elephants. The British museum contains a collection of 168 stones [illegible] all taken from the stomach of one African elephant.

MARKETS

UNFAVORABLE REPORTS

Chicago, Nov. 23—Unfavorable crop reports from Argentina together with higher prices from Buenos Aires had a bullish influence during the early trading in the wheat market here. Opening quotations which ranged from 3-8 to 7-8 higher with Dec. $1.09 3-4 to $1.10 and May $1.11 5-8 to $1.11 7-8 were followed by moderate upturns.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

South St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Cattle receipts 3,500, generally steady to strong. Bulk beef steers $4.75 to $5.75. Butcher cows and heifers mostly $3.25 to $4.50. Canners and cutters $2.00 to $3.00. Bologna bulls $2.25 to $3.25. Veal calves steady, practical packer top $6.50. Stockers and feeders slow, about steady, bulk to 20 cents higher. Range $5.25 to $3.50 to $5.00. Hog receipts 13,000, 10 $6.85.

Sheep receipts, 1,000. Lambs fully 25 cents higher. Bulk good fat lambs $8.50. Ewes steady to strong, bulk good ewes $3.00.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Cattle receipts 9,000. Steady to 25 cents higher.

Hog receipts 18,000, strong to higher.

Sheep receipts 8,000, strong to higher.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 23.—Flour unchanged to 15 cents higher, In carload lots family patent $7.40 to $7.50 a barrel. Shipments 38,889 barrels, Bran $14 to $17.

BISMARCK GRAIN

(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, Nov. 23, 1921.

No. 1 dark northern	$1.13
No. 1 amber durum	.74
No. 1 mixed durum	.66
No. 1 red durum	.62
No. 1 flax	1.45
No. 2 flax	1.40
No. 2 rye	.54

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

Minneapolis, Nov. 23—Cash No. 1 dark northern $1.27 7-8 to $1.38 7-8; December $1.20 7-8 to $1.21.

Corn No. 3 yellow 44 1-4 to 45c.

Oats No. 3, $1.30 to $1.31 1-2.

Barley 36 to 62c.

Flax, $1.17 1-2 to $1.18 1-2.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Notice is hereby given that that certain mortgage, executed and delivered by G. J. Keenan and Ruth A. Keenan, his wife, mortgagors to Harry E. O'Neill, mortgagee, dated the second day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Burleigh, in the state of North Dakota, on the 16th day of October A. D., 1919 at 1:30 o'clock P. M., and recorded therein in book 159 of mortgages on page 116, will be foreclosed by a sale of the primises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Burleigh county, North Dakota, court house in the city of Bismarck, in Burleigh Couny North Dakota at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., on the 17th day of December A. D. 1921, to satisfy the amount due upon such mortgage on the day of sale.

On account of default having been made by the said mortgagors in not paying the first two installments of said mortgage, the said mortgagee hereby exercises his option under the terms and provisions of said mortgage of declaring the whole of said mortgage due and payable and therefore does hereby declare the whole of said mortgage due and payable and does hereby give notice of the foreclosure of the whole of said mortgage.

The premises described in such mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows: The north west quarter (N. W. 1-4) of section ten (10) in township one hundred and forty (140), north, of range seventy seven (77) west of the 5th principal meridian in Burleigh county, North Dakota.

There will be due on such mortgage at the date of sale the sum of two hundred and twelve dollars and eighty three cents ($212.83), besides the costs of this foreclosure. That said sum of $212.83 includes the sum of one hundred and two dollars, which is interest paid by said Harry E. O'Neill on a prior mortgage on said land executed and delivered by the said mortgagors and said sum of $212.83 also includes the sum of seven dollars and sixty seven cents ($7.67) as interest on the interest paid on said prior mortgage.

Dated November first 1921.

Harry E. O'Neill,
Said Mortgagee.

George M. Register,
Attorney of said Mortgagee,
Bismarck, North Dakota.
11-2-9-16-23-30-12-7

NOTICE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE FORCLOSURE BY ADVERTISEMENT

Notice is hereby given that by reason of default therein, that certain mortgage made and executed by David M. Hatch and Katie L. Hatch, his wife, mortgagors, to the Federal Land Bank of St. Paul, Minn., a body corporate of the City of St. Paul, County of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, mortgagee, dated the 26th day of February, 1919, which mortgage was filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in Burleigh County, North Dakota, on the 7th day of March A. D. 1919 at 2:40 o'clock P. M., and Recorded in Bood 161 of Mortgages on Page 88, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage at the front door of the Court House in the City of Bismarck, North Dakota, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of the 3rd day of December, 1921, to satisfy the mount due on said mortgage on the date of sale.

The premises described in said mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are as follows:

The West Half (W 1-2) and the Southeast Quarter (SE 1-4) of Section Twenty two (22), Township One Hundred Forty one (141) North, Range Eighty (80) West containing Four Hundred Eighty (480) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Said mortgage contains a clause authorising the mortgagee to declare the whole sum due if there is a default, and the whole of said mortgage is hereby declared due. There will be due on said mortgage on the date of sale the sum of $6238.42.

Notice of Intention to Foreclose was given as required by law, more than thirty days before the beginning of these proceedings. The default consists of the non-payment of the amortization installment of $195.00 due on February 26th, 1921.

Dated this 25th day of October, 1921.
The Federal Land Bank of St. Paul.
Owner of said Mortgage.
E. T. Burke, Attorney,
Bismarck, N. Dak.
10-26-11-2-9-16-23-30

ADVERTISING FOR BIDS FOR THE PURCHASE OF BONDS

By order of the Board of County Commissioners, The County Auditor is hereby authorized to advertise for Sealed Bids for the purchase of negotiable bonds to raise funds thereby for the purpose of taking up 1919 and 1920 outstanding seed grain. Warrants to the amount of $75,000.00

For County Poor Fund	25,000.00
For General Fund	25,000.00
The aggregate sum not to exceed	125,000.00

Said bonds are to be in the denomination of $500.00 each to bear date of 1st day of January, A. D. 1922, and to mature on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1927, to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year with coupons attached representing each interest payment thereof, and both bonds and interest to be payable at the place designated by the purchaser. The bonds to be made payable to bearer and to be numbered from one upwards.

The above stated bids shall be received by the County Auditor up until 2 P. M. 30th day of November, 1921.

The Board of County Commissioners reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at Williston, N. Dak., November 7th, A. D. 1921.

County Auditor.
11-9-16-23

NOTICE OF BANKRUPTCY SALE

In the Matter of the Estate of Howard Miller of Werner, North Dakota, a Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the order of the referee made in the above entitled matter on the 19th day of November A. D. 1921, that personal property of the said estate, more particularly referred to herein will be sold to the highest bidder for cash at public auction at the office of Hon. H. F. O'Hare, referee in the Little Building, City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 26th day of November A. D. 1921, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

The goods which will be sold at said time and place are the stock of merchandise of said bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, shoes, groceries and general merchandise, as listed in his schedule, and of the value of $10,224.65, and also the furniture and fixtures in said store, consisting of shelves, counters, desks, filing cabinets, scales, etc., of the value of $1,890.92; that said merchandise and fixtures are now located in the building formerly occupied by the bankrupt in the Village of Werner, Dunn County, North Dakota, and may be inspected any reasonable hour prior to the day of sale.

That a complete inventory of said merchandise and fixtures are on file in the Office of the Hon. H. F. O'Hare, Referee, Bismarck, North Dakota.

Dated this 19th day of November, A. D. 1921.

H. F. KELLER, Trustee,
Bismarck, North Dakota.
SCOTT CAMERON,
Attorney for Trustee,
Bismarck, North Dakota.
11—21, 22, 23.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of that certain chattel mortgage made by the Rex Theatre Company and Geo. V. Halliday, mortgagors to the First Guaranty Bank of Bismarck, North Dakota, dated December 10th, 1919 filed in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, North Dakota on December 11, 1919, to secure the following [illegible] sum of Three Thousand Dollars ($3,000.00).

That the default consists in the failure to pay any part of said indebtedness excepting the sum of $125.00 and interest and that the remainder is past due and payable. That there is due upon said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of $2875.00, that the mortgagee has elected to [illegible] of sale in said mortgage [illegible] that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the personal property therein described at public auction agreeable to the statute in such cases made and provided, at the Rex Theatre, No. 220, 4th Street, Bismarck, North Dakota (said property being too bulky for removal) at the hour of two (2) o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, November 30th, 1921.

The personal property described in said mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same is described as follows:

374 Opera Chairs.
2 Simplex Projectors, complete including motors.
8 Two-piece plastic side wall fixtures.
4 36-inch open-work bowls
2 2-20 crehostadts and equipment of various kinds.

Dated this 22nd day of November, 1921.

ROLLIN WELCH,
Sheriff.
E. T. BURKE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

11-23.

CITATION AND NOTICE HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh—ss.

IN COUNTY COURT, before Hon. I. C. Davies, Judge.

In the Matter of the Estate of Samuel F. Adair, Deceased:

F. L. Pearson, Petitioner, vs. Fred B. Adair, Mary Collp, Charles H. Adair, Rex S. Adair and Kenneth Adair, Respondents.

The State of North Dakota to the above-named respondents and all other persons interested in the estate of Samuel F. Adair, Deceased:

You and each of you are hereby notified that F. L. Pearson, the petitioner herein, has filed in this Court a copy of the last will and testament of Samuel F. Adair, late of the city of West Branch, in the County of Cedar and State of Iowa, Deceased, and the probate thereof in the state of Iowa, duly authenticated, with his petition for the admission to probate as the last will of said deceased, and for the issuance to Edward S. Allen, of Bismarck, N. D., of letter testamentary thereon, and that the said petition and proof of such purported will, will be heard and duly considered by this Court on Wednesday, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1922, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the court room of this Court in the city of Bismarck in the county of Burleigh and state of North Dakota, and

You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before this Court at said time and place and answer said petition and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Dated this 12th day of November, A. D. 1921.

(SEAL) By the Court:
I. C. DAVIES,
Judge of the County Court.

Let the foregoing citation be served by personal service upon all respondents resident in the state of North Dakota, and by publication in The Bismarck Tribune once each week for three successive weeks, all not less than twenty days before said date of hearing.

(SEAL) I. C. DAVIES,
Judge of the County Court.
11-23-30; 12-6.

FOR RENT—Room with Board. Also extra board at The Mohawk, 401 5th St. 11-23-3t

WANTED — Two neat appearing young ladies for high class advertising work. Call 516 3rd St. 11-23-3t

FOR RENT—Five room house, two blocks from post office. Suitable for small family. Phone 637M. 11-23-3t

[Bo]oks and Friends.

One cannot celebrate books sufficiently. After saying his best, still something better remains to be spoken in their praise. As with friends, one finds new beauties at every interview, and would stay long in the presence of those choice companions. As with friends, he may dispense with a wide acquaintance. Few and choice. The richest minds need not large libraries. That is a good book which is opened with expectation and closed with profit. A. Bronson Alcott.

TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS

Benefit of a Good Laugh.

However, the laugh began, it is a recognized fact that a few healthy "ha-has" form one of the best tonics imaginable. It gets plenty of fresh air into the lungs, and generally tones one up. Also, it eases the nerves.

R. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C.
Chiropractor
Consultation Free
Suite 9, 11—Lucas Block—Phone 263

Freckles and His Friends

Final Score: 34 to 28 — By Blosser

True National Glory.

The true glory of a nation does not consist in the extent of its dominion, in the fertility of the soil, or the beauty of nature, but rather in the moral and intellectual pre-eminence of the people.—Sir John Lubbock.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE MERRY THANKSGIVING OF THE BURGLAR AND PLUMBER

By Octave Thanet

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Published by Arrangement with the Literary Digest Newspaper Syndicate

Miss Elinor Merryweather went to bed Thanksgiving evening in a graceless frame of mind at variance with a frame of mind that may pass for graceless in a woman of so kindly a nature as Miss Merryweather. "You may go, Robbins," she said to her faithful maid, "and you, Harriet" (Harriet was the cook) "and Matilda" (Matilda was the waitress) "may also go to that party at James's" (James was the gardener) "I shall not need any of you."

"I hate to leave you alone, Miss Elinor," said Robbins, and hesitated, knowing Miss Merryweather well enough not to ask her would she be afraid. She did not do much better to blurt out, "They do say there's burglars in town, ma'am."

"Very well," responded Miss Merryweather with unshaken calm—whatever her faults timidity never was charged to her—"be sure you lock all the doors and windows securely. And you may as well see that the galvanic battery works all right. Good night, a pleasant time to you."

Robbins knew when her mistress used this tone that argument would be vain, so discomfited, and with more than one wistful glance backward in the hall, she retired.

Miss Merryweather began to walk up and down the room. It was an attractive room with the soft ivory gleam of the paint, and the sprightly, old-fashioned flowers on the creamy walls. These walls were thickly hung with water-color sketches, and pen-and-ink and wash drawings, which gave one an eerie sensation of familiarity, like faces seen in a dream, and sometimes, by some clever people of long memories, were traced to a favorite illustrator being, in fact, by famous artists their original drawings for well-known magazines.

One perceived also an old-fashioned air due to the presence of certain chairs and tables, luxuriantly carved in dull-hued oak, or tinted in old marqueterie. In one corner of the room a cabinet showed all the dazzling hues of rare old china, the sumptuous gilding of Satsuma, the delicate forms of old Sevres, the soldier opulence of color and shape of the great English makers. A davenport in one corner, a lounge with many pillows in another, and a tea-table with its shining equipage, hinted the room to be Miss Merryweather's own special sitting room. She never called it a boudoir and nothing made her more indignant than to hear the name from anyone else. "No I look like a woman who would have a boudoir," she had been known to demand, almost with fierceness. "A boudoir is a place where girls with sloppy hair read poetry and write notes on scented paper, and make poor tea that they sip with souvenir spoons. Look at my spoons, they are truly apostles; and isn't that Eve sprawling by that ridiculous river on that Capo di Monti teapot delicious. Taste my tea—a friend brought it to me from Russia; did you ever taste such tea in a boudoir? I think not!" Miss Merryweather's tea was celebrated by all who were so fortunate as to drink it; but it was not the tea-table to which the eye of a newcomer instinctively turned—it was a heavy Italian chest, the lid adorned by two curiously wrought iron handles, the chest itself of age-stained oak, having divers vague and grisly traditions connecting it with the treasure of a convent and the murder of faithful guardians by vandal robbers. By a natural divagation of the mind, the chest had become Miss Merryweather's safe, and contained, it was said, a bona fide iron safe wherein she deposited the famous Merryweather plate, some descended from colonial Merryweathers, some presented by brother officers to the late General Merryweather. Also, therein sparkled the jewels of Miss Merryweather, which would not have been despised in a large city, and were regarded with awe in an Iowa town. Miss Merryweather, though a spinster and no longer young, was fond of magnificence in dress, on proper occasions. In general, she wore simple costumes, always of black, which recognized, but did not slavishly defer to fashion. Put for high toilets she had satins and velvets, and lace as ancient as her china. In person Miss Merryweather was tall and thin but she had a mantua-maker that understood her business. When she was young and her hair was black, Miss Merryweather's Roman features might have seemed large, however finely chiseled. Now framed in softest iron gray they were commonly described as "so distinguished." She was of a fine carriage, a figure to notice on the streets, especially as she was a trifle absent minded and when she walked had the habit of swaying her shapely right hand from side to side as if addressing an invisible audience in an inaudible words. She had a warm heart and a quick temper and she has been known to arest (with the aid of sympathetic bystanders) at least half a dozen oppressors of dumb brutes. She did not keep a single cat in the house. In pussy's place, she petted a malose St Bernard.

Whatever her secret frailties—I must grant her some—she was greatly beloved by her fellow-townsmen, and those who knew her best, loved her most strongly. She had, however, a will of her own. And she was one who, in the language of Holy Writ, kept her promise to her hurt. Thus, sometimes, an impetuous temper led her into imprudent declarations out of which she could not always extract herself without great exercise of her wits. Her latest dilemma engrossed her tonight. Having had the plumbing of her dwelling repaired, in an unlucky moment there had come a quarrel with the plumbers' union over a bill. The result was that she cut away "every man swindler of them all"—I would not be understood to endorse her words—and was left with the water service of the house cut off, and water hauled from the cisterns, and a single faucet in the garden, while friends sniffed apprehensively whenever they entered the house, and asked her was she not afraid of sewer gas? and her niece (who was a daughter to her) did not dare to bring the baby to spend Thanksgiving, because the child might catch diphtheria through the deadly leaking pipes.

"Stuff!" said Miss Merryweather, who used strong expressions sometimes, being by birth and breeding quite too great a lady to disturb herself about the minor conventions; "stuff and nonsense! There are no leaks, but I'm not going to argue with you; I shall get a plumber and have you come Thanksgiving."

Then, discerning a peculiar smile on the amiable features of Helen's husband, she added gravely. "He will not belong to the union. If I have to wait to hire a union plumber, I shall wait until the pipes tumble to pieces!"

But the imported plumber who was to put the forces of organized labor to rout did not come, although, such is the extraordinary working of the feminine logic, he was offered as high wages as the erring and grasping union plumbers had been refused.

Miss Merryweather was sure that he had either been bought off or assassinated by the union; she paid no heed to the theory meekly tendered by Helen's husband, to wit, that, knowing the man's habits, he had cause to suspect he was simply celebrating Thanksgiving in an unholy manner, on his own account.

"No, poor fellow," she murmured; "most likely he is lying dead in some alleyway with all his ribs broken. They do such things." Therefore it was with a gloomy soul she beheld the night before Thanksgiving. "I never was so little thankful in my life," she murmured, "and I was so bent on having that plumbing done in time for Helen, and show that Vance that I am a match for the plumbers' union, if I am a lone woman." Miss Merryweather was not used to be beaten; it galled. She had mailed letters to different plumbers asking for bids by telegraph; but, poor as she might, she could not see a loophole of escape for her this time.

She went to bed early, but for a long while she could not sleep; she thought of the plumbers' union and of her own defeat, and raged anew.

And when, at last, she was just slipping off into the shadows of peace, she heard the softest of footfalls. Surely she had closed the door on Diogenes, the dog! Hadn't she closed the door? Her mind drove her backward over that hasty journey through the rooms downstairs. Diogenes had a mat in the laundry and range of the kitchen; she certainly had closed one of the kitchen doors. Hadn't she closed the kitchen door upstairs? She had—at least she had seen that the door to the cellar was fast, and she thought she had bolted the door upstairs—how did people ever feel certain about anything enough to swear that it happened? The footsteps were nearer, in the sittingroom which adjoined the chamber. Her first thought was for the safety of the tea-table with its precious freight, she was sure if she called to the dog kindly, he would begin wagging his tail, that tremendous brush which, with one sweep might hurl her idols into irremediable, smashing, crashing ruin!

Sternness was the only chance! "Down charge, Di!" she commanded. "Bad dog! Down!"

A particularly mild voice answered her. "It ain't a dog, miss, it's a man!"

"A man!" repeated Miss Merryweather. "Well!"

Of course it was not well but Miss Merryweather just then did not think of the nicer meanings of words.

"Yes ma'am," the voice repeated, "don't be alarmed. I'm a man, a burglar!"

Miss Merryweather showed no signs of alarm, in the first place she had a fearless soul, in the second place the voice was so mild, so almost apologetic that it aroused her sense of humor.

"I don't know but that you are less of a nuisance than the dog would be," she said. "You stay right where you are and I will turn on the electric lights. Don't move or you'll hit something!"

"All right, ma'am," said the burglar, "only no pulling out a pop, you know, and firing it off at me in the dark, hit or miss."

"Certainly not, at least, not until I can see you," said Miss Merryweather. All the while she was hastily donning a wrapper and slippers. Then she turned on the lights.

The burglar stood directly under the blaze. He did not look like a burglar, there was nothing much in his pale face except the look of recent sickness and hopelessness. His clothes were like any workman's, a pair of blue soiled overalls with something like a bib front and a patched check shirt. His hat (it was a hat and not a cap in which artists for reasons best known to themselves delight to set the burglar) was a very battered felt hat, and it was not pulled down over his black brown locks which pushed back from dark brown locks. He looked like a workman out of a job. His hands, one of which held a pistol, were callused and stained—a workingman's hands.

When Miss Merryweather loomed upon him—one may say darted, since that was the effect of the springing of his empty hand to his hat.

"I don't want to disturb you, ma'am," he repeated, "but I've got to have some money!"

"Why!" said Miss Merryweather. She was quite at her ease and had taken a rocking chair.

"Why?" the man echoed bitterly. "Because I prefer to steal to see my wife dying for want of things done for her and my children without shoes to their feet, and never a bite amongst us all this day, by—! I beg your pardon, lady; I wasn't meaning to swear, but I'm worn out!"

"Haven't you had anything to eat today?" said Miss Merryweather.

He shook his head. A stiff lock of brown hair which stood up on the top of his head waggled at the motion, it gave him a grotesque look. He certainly was frightfully ythin.

"Humph," said Miss Merryweather. "You sit down in that rocking chair and stay there until I come up again. Don't you burgle any until I come back; then we'll see what we can do."

"You ain't going to telephone to the police to nab me?"

Miss Merryweather waved her hand toward the wall at a telephone.

"It isn't customary in houses of people who are not millionaires to have two telephones," she said. "I am going to bring you something to eat."

"I won't touch a thing, lady," promised the burglar, "I've been druv to this, I truly have."

Miss Merryweather encouraged him by a nod, and departed, lighted candle in hand.

Never, it seemed to her, had she heard so many sinister noises as pricked her ears while her candle flitted from pantry to sideboard. Boards creaked under her tread as they never creaked in the daytime, and every door she touched sent up a long shriek of remonstrance.

But Diogenes slept calmly in the laundry. Miss Merryweather shook her head. She carried a revolver in her hand which she laid on the tray. "He seems like a decent sort of submerged unfortunate"—thus ran her meditations while she provided the tray—"but he may be wicked, and run after me downstairs. If he does, Di and the gun will have to hurt him."

He was leaning back in his chair, his pistol still in one limp hand, his head laid back, showing his miserably thin neck; and the white glare full on the haggard pallor of his face.

His eye brightened at the sight of the tray. Miss Merryweather, making no comment, lighted the lamp under the silver chafing dish; and, as it burned, she buttered the slices of bread and placed beef between them.

"I am afraid the beef is a little underdone for your taste," observed she kindly, "and I hope you don't care for mustard, for I forgot it; but I've put on salt and pepper, and they were the best done pieces I could find. The soup will be warm in a minute. Now, you drink this glass of wine."

The man drank it, keeping his eyes on her. Then he laid the pistol on the table. "I ain't going to use it," he said.

"Much better not," returned Miss Merryweather. "The truth is, I have long had a curiosity to see a burglar, and I rather have planned things that way; but I didn't expect he would be so decent as you seem. How do you like that wine? It's old Jacques port." The burglar looked rather bewildered, but answered that it was the best wine he had ever tasted. He added, ingenuously, that he had "not tasted much wine."

"You are not at all like a professional burglar," remarked the lady, who had now come to ladling out the steaming soup; "I think you must be an amateur."

"I never touched a thing that wasn't my own before, lady, so help me——!"

"Well, you haven't touched anything YET, now," interrupted Miss Merryweather, who had a mania for accuracy. She continued; "I suppose you are putting that sandwich into your pocket for your family—don't do it! I'll make you up a basket for them. Tell me what has brought you, such a decent man, to this pass?"

The man smeared his eyes with his hand before he began. "I never seen a lady like you," he said; "I'm just going to tell you the honest truth. I was working in Chicago. I belonged to the junior plumbers——"

"Oh, if you were a plumber, it must have come natural to you to rob."

The burglar acknowledged the sally by a faint smile. "We ain't so bad as they make us out. Well, hard times came and work fell off, and the union wouldn't let us work below wages, so I left the union, fact is I couldn't keep up my dues——"

"Do you mean to tell me," cried Miss Merryweather, springing from her chair in strong agitation—"do you mean to tell me you are not a union man? Don't think of burgling me! I can give you a great deal better job, and I will advance you money on it, too. This house is only about half plumbed; if you will take hold and get this plumbing done by six o'clock tomorrow, I'll pay you well! And you shall have two men to help you who aren't plumbers, but have some sense. And a boy to run to the shop to get the tools. Are you a good plumber?"

"Yes'm, I was; but, you see, I went to Pullman and worked there till the strike came. I didn't strike, but I joined the A. R. U. afterwards, so as to get the relief. The strike lasted so long I used up all my savings; and then I didn't git back, after all. So I'm little out of practice. But I guess I can satisfy you. I'll try hard."

"You shall have a chance, anyhow. So you went to Pullman, and why didn't you get back there when the strike ended?"

"They didn't take all the men ma'am; and I heard of a job in Chicago, so I moved there; and I got it, sure enough, but it only lasted a little while; and then I wrote to the new factory they was starting here, the glucose works, and I got a job, but the first week I come down with typhoid fever, and I worked with the fever on me, and I did take whiskey to kinder hold me up for I was wild to think of losing my job; but I wasn't drunk, though somebody said so. So I lost it, another feller got it—well, I guess he needed it bad, too. But that's how it was. I went home and was sick awful bad for six weeks, and when I got up again there was nothing I could get, and the baby come just them. God forgive it! And I guess he knowed he was none too welcome, for he's been hollering ever since. Doctor says he needs some kinder food. Nestling food or some sich name, and I want him to git it for I someway don't jest want him to die if he is mean! Then I wanted to git my woman things, she's an awful nice woman, I'll say that and about all we've got she's earned washing. I have been out a week walking about a hundred miles, I guess, begging for a job everywhere I heard jobs were to be had, but you see we were strangers and there ain't enough work to go round among the old men. Today, as I went back from the shoe factory across the river, and seen all the turkeys in the winders, and remembered how there wasn't a bite in our house for today nor for tomorrow, and looked at the rich folks that don't love their families a mite better'n I love mine, I got kinder wild, I guess. I never had gredged rich folks their money before. I was willing to work hard, and not to have very much; but now it seems as if there wasn't an inch of room for me and my family on this earth. We'd pawned every last thing we could pawn, and there we was—a-starving!"

"But, goodness gracious!" exclaimed Miss Merryweather, who had with difficulty refrained from interrupting him before, "why didn't you go to the Associated Charities or to the Industrial Aid?"

"You see, lady, we ain't used to being poor; we didn't know about them places. Lady, I tell you, it ain't the poverty poor that gits squeezed the hardest when there's hard times; bless you, no! They're used to leanin' on other folks, and they just lop over a leetle heavier; but it's the decent folks that never knew the way to the poor overseer's office before or even to the pawnshop, that catch it. They suffer and don't holler about it."

"I see," said Miss Merryweather; "go on!"

"There ain't much more," said the man, very neatly folding the napkin. "I told my wife I had a job and would have the money for a turkey tomorrow; not to fret. I'd git some advanced. I went straight out, meaning to enter somebody's house and git enough to buy a Thanksgiving dinner. I prowled about for a long time, first deciding on one house and then on another. By and by the folks in your kitchen going out, and the light upstairs, and, says I, 'that lady is all alone by her self, and I can git some money easy.' So I come."

"But how did you get in? The windows are barred downstairs—"

"Yes'm, they look like good winders. But I come in by the door—the kitchen door. I reasoned like the girls would have some place where they hid the kitchen key, and I could hunt it up. Most likely it would be under the door-mat. That's where it was, too."

"They shan have a latch-key, every one of them; of course you got in. But didn't you wake the dog?"

"No, ma'am; he slept jest like the dead. Them big dogs is jest like men about sleeping, they sleep so sound."

"But when you came up the stairs what did you do about the mat at the foot of the stairs? The lights ought to have sprung up and the bells rung, the instant your foot touched the mat!"

"Why, you see, lady," said the burglar apologetically—he seemed to fear lest she should be hurt by the failure of her carefully planned burglar traps—"you see, I naturally struck a match now and then, to see my way, and when I come on that plain common mat in that beautiful hall with the handsome rugs about, I knowed it to be a burglar mat, so I jest stepped over it. I've no doubt all the things would have happened if I had stepped on it right."

"I don't know," said Miss Merryweather, gloomily; "maybe the plumbers got it out of order. But, come here, open that chest!" She pointed to the nun's chest against the wall, and the burglar obediently laid his pistol down to do her bidding. An inner chest of iron was disclosed, having two projecting handles.

"Lift the cover," commanded Miss Merryweather.

A smile of grim expectation parted her firm lips; now approached her triumph. The burglar laid his hands on the knobs and pensively nodded his head, screwing up his mouth like a man recognizing a familiar flavor.

"Yes'm," said he; "galvanic battery, ain't it? Kinder prickly!"

"I'll weaken the current," said Miss Merryweather; "you must be a perfect Spartan not to call out."

"Well, you see, I ruther suspicioned it was," the burglar replied letting his hands drop.

"How can you get your hands away?" chied Miss Merryweather.

"Hain't you weakened the current?" deprecated the burglar. "Pshaw, I hought you had, or I wouldn't 'a aken them down. I'm real sorry."

Miss Merryweather laughed. "Everything is a failure," said she. "You ought to be held a prisoner, with our shoulders hunched up. It's all wrong."

"Oh, no, it ain't, ma'am," the burglar tried to reassure her. "I ain't a manner of doubt that them mats downstairs would work splendid; we in try going down. But these here galvanic batteries are mighty unreliable. Never mind, I kin fix it all right for you. I'm glad I came, hough."

"So am I," said Miss Merryweather. "Do you think something is the matter with this, too?" displaying her revolver.

It was a big revolver of glossy, irridescent black, not a feminine frippery about it—no pearl, no silver; a revolver that meant business and showed its intentions, honorably.

"No, it's all right," said the burglar, admiringly, "you could 'a' plugged me, sure."

"Unless you shot me first."

"Humph! that would 'a' been difficult, seein' mine ain't loaded and there's something the matter with the trigger so it can't go off, else it would 'a' been in the pawnshop 'stead of here."

"Well," sighed Miss Merryweather, "it's a mercy you tried to burgle me with that useless thing, instead of someone else. Now, for goodness sake come downstairs and let me give you that basket and get you off before the servants come."

Miss Merryweather had very much the sensations of a burglar in her own house, as she despoiled the larder, the friendly burglar holding the candle. They hurried at every glimpse of the clock, they trembled at all the creakings of the floor.

"Robbins never did stay out before later than twelve or one; it's a quar—Great heavens" Miss Merryweather jumped. Suddenly she was bathed in a flood of light, and bells seemed to be ringing all over the house.

"I guess the mats is straight goods," said the burglar; you trod on it by mistake, ma'am. Say, what's that? They're hollering in the yard. I'll try this door—"

"No you will not," said Miss Merryweather, all herself again; "you will stay where you are, while I open the door."

She was at the hall door before she ended, calling loudly to the shrieking maids, who came in timidly, (except Robbins) in the rear of two men, who were none too valorous.

"Nothing is the matter,' said Miss Merryweather; " stepped on the mat myself. It works perfectly. Harriet, I've engaged a plumber, and he is to work all night, and the plumbing will be done by tomorrow afternoon. If you need those extra tools, you better go home and get them now"—turning upon the bewildered burglar—"and you don't need that candle any more, put it down. Don't forget the basket."

"No, ma'am, thank you, ma'am" the burglar responded meekly, "and I'll be back—"

"As soon as you can; there's no time to lose," said Miss Merryweather. "He is a good plumber," she announced calmly to her dazed domestic staff, "and I was lucky to get him, I have sent a basket of things to his family. Get him a good breakfast to morrow morning, and I hope we shall have a Thanksgiving after all. I shan't forget how good you all are in these emergencies."

The household knew too well Miss Merryweather's generosity, for these special efforts, to be unhappy; but Robbins summed up the general mixture of disapprobation and admiration. She said: "Did you ever see the like! I believe Miss Elinor would get her will if she had to tear the world up by the roots!"

The plumbing was done, and well done, by four of the next afternoon. The burglar's family, as the Merryweather gathering, dined late that Thanksgiving.

I cannot find any good moral in this table unless it be contained in Miss Merryweather's own subsequent reflections. "Now, aren't the ways of providence queer? Here's my burglar got a good plumber shop and lots of custom, simply by an unsuccessful attempt to rob. But then, it is a merciful thing that, as our best intentions are liable to bring harm and misfortune, so our bad ones run off the track sometimes, too. And, anyhow, it wasn't because he was a burglar he was so lucky, but because he was such a remarkably gentle and propitiating burglar! If he hadn't been, I should have had to shoot him or 'sic' Diogenes on him. I hope it will be a lesson to us both that it is far better to rule by love than fear, and kind words can never die, and all that kind of thing! And certainly a mercy to me that I feel truly thankful for. I don't know how I could have beaten the plumbers without him!"

QUEEN MARIE, ROYAL BEAUTY, PLANS TRIP TO AMERICA IN QUEST OF AID FOR RUMANIA

QUEEN MARIE AND (BELOW) HER DAUGHTER, PRINCESS ILEANA.

(By Milton Bronner)

London, Nov. 22—Some time in December America may be visited by one of the most beautiful women in Europe—Queen Marie Alexandra Victoria of Rumania.

In story books for children and in the royalty-loving newspapers of Europe queens are always beautiful, whereas in fact most of them I have seen over here are very plain personages with some very dowdy clothes.

But Queen Marie isn't in that category. She is really good to look upon. In fact it is a sort of traditional piece of luck for Rumania that most of the queens of that country and most of the princesses are very pretty.

Cousin of King George

The late king's consort, famous in literature as "Carmen Sylva," was a good looking woman. The present queen is the beauty of the royal family of England. She is an English princess. Her father was Duke of Edinburgh, so that she is a granddaughter of Queen Victoria, a niece of King Edward and a cousin of King George. She was born in 1875 and married when she was 18.

Fair-haired with blue gray eyes and a democratic manner, she is beloved all over her adopted country for her charity.

When Rumania, a number of years ago, had a cholera plague, she was foremost in the labor of providing hospitals. When her country went into the great war and was almost wiped out by the German hoste, she worked night and day as a Red Cross nurse. As such she came in contact with thousands of the soldier sons of the nation.

Whenever she comes to London, she usually slips out of the kingly palace of her cousins and goes shopping in Bond street, just like any other married woman and a bunch of kids.

Will Seek Aid

Her mission in America will be mainly to interest Yankees in Red Cross and other charitable work in Rumania. The country has by no means recovered from the tragedy of the war and the powers that be want outside help. Her traveling companion will be the Princess Ileana, one of her younger children, who bids fair to be the beauty of the family.

The Rumanian embassy here tells me there is only one point that makes them doubtful about the date of the queen's visit to America being December; for various state reasons the king and queen have not yet been crowned and this ceremony may not take place until next fall. In that event the queen may postpone her visit until next year.

CASCARETS 10¢

For Constipated Bowels, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Bilious Liver

The nicest cathartic-laxative in the world to physic your liver and bowels when you have Dizzy Headache, Colds, Biliousness, Indigestion, or Upset, Acid Stomach is candy-like "Cascarets." One or two tonight will empty your bowels completely by morning, and you will feel splendid. "They work while you sleep." Cascarets never stir you up or gripe like Salts, Pills, Calomel, or Oil and they cost only ten cents a box. Children love Cascarets too.

How About Your Stomach?

If Acid, Sour, Gassy and You Bloat or Feel Stuffed Up After Eating Try Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

The stomach may be rather sluggish in digesting the filled eggs you eat for breakfast and the delicious

You Radicate Happiness When a Good Meal Sits Well in the Stomach.

croquette and salad for lunch. On top of this a soda confection is apt to add to the indigestion. It is a good rule to follow each meal with a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet to avoid dyspeptic results due to eating and drinking. Should the stomach sour with water-brash, biliousness and the peculiar gassiness due to indigestion these tablets bring relief. Because they supply the alkaline effect to the stomach and thus offset the acidity of such dyspeptic conditions.

It is well to know that and not deny yourself the pleasures of the good things to eat and drink through fear of indigestion. You will find Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets on sale in all drug stores at 60 cents a box.

Don't cough

THE violent paroxysms of coughing soon eased by Dr. King's New Discovery. Fifty years a standard remedy for colds. Children like it. No harmful drugs. All druggists, 60c.

Dr. King's New Discovery
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Make Bowels Normal. Nature's way is the way of Dr. King's Pills—gently and firmly regulating the bowels, eliminating the intestine clogging waste. At all druggists, 25c.

PROMPT! WON'T GRIPE
Dr. King's Pills

STOP DISEASE

Coughs, colds, spasmodic croup, whooping cough, la grippe and bronchial cough should receive immediate treatment, or more dangerous sickness may result. Don't delay. Use

Foley's Honey and Tar

undisputedly the best known and most successful cough medicine on the market. It's wholesome and safe, no better remedy known.

John Vogt, of Elberton, Ga., writes that: "I took a most severe cold and coughed night and day. My throat felt as though the skin had been torn out. I used Foley's Honey and Tar. My condition began to improve at once and in a few days was as well as ever."

COLDS

"Pape's Cold Compound" is Quickest Relief Known

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of "Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a cold and ends all grippe misery.

The first dose opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages of head; stops nose running; relieves headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing.

"Pape's Cold Compound" is the quickest, surest relief known and costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance. Tastes nice. Contains no quinine. Insist upon Pape's.

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